

1 Amaral KB, Amaral AR, Fordyce RE, Moreno IB (2018) Historical biogeography of
2 Delphininae dolphins and related taxa (Artiodactyla: Delphinidae). *Journal of Mammalian*
3 *Evolution*. 25(2): 241-259. Doi: 10.1007/s10914-016-9376-3.

1 **Historical biogeography of Delphininae dolphins and related taxa**
2 **(Artiodactyla: Delphinidae)***

4 Karina Bohrer do Amaral ¹

5 Ana Rita Amaral ^{2,3}

6 R. Ewan Fordyce ^{4,5}

7 Ignacio Benites Moreno ^{1,6}

8
9 ¹ Laboratório de Sistemática e Ecologia de Aves e Mamíferos Marinhos
10 (LABSMAR), Programa de Pós Graduação em Biologia Animal, Departamento de
11 Zoologia, Instituto de Biociências, Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Sul –
12 Avenida Bento Gonçalves, 9500, Bloco IV, Prédio 43435, sala 206, Porto Alegre,
13 Rio Grande do Sul, 91501-70, Brazil.

14
15 ² Centre for Ecology, Evolution and Environmental Changes, Faculdade de Ciências
16 Universidade de Lisboa, Campo Grande, 1749-016, Lisboa, Portugal.

17
18 ³ Sackler Institute for Comparative Genomics, American Museum of Natural History,
19 79th Street and Central Park West, New York, NY 10024, United States of America.

20
21 ⁴ Department of Geology, University of Otago, Dunedin 9054, New Zealand.

22
23 ⁵ Departments of Paleobiology and Vertebrate Zoology, National Museum of Natural
24 History, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, DC 20013, United States of America.

25
26 ⁶ Centro de Estudos Costeiros, Limnológicos e Marinhos (CECLIMAR), Instituto de
27 Biociências, Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Sul – Avenida Tramandaí, 976,
28 Imbé, Rio Grande do Sul, 95625-000, Brazil.

29 Corresponding author:

30 Karina Bohrer do Amaral

31 E-mail: karinabohererdoamaral@gmail.com

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33 *do Amaral, K.B., Amaral, A.R., Ewan Fordyce, R. *et al.* Historical Biogeography of
34 Delphininae Dolphins and Related Taxa (Artiodactyla: Delphinidae). *J Mammal*
35 *Evol* 25, 241–259 (2018). <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10914-016-9376-3>

36 **ABSTRACT**

37 Delphinine dolphins arose via a recent, rapid radiation, probably within the last four
38 million years. Although molecular phylogenies are increasingly well resolved, patterns
39 of morphology-ecology-geography are hard to link to phylogeny or to translate into
40 taxonomy. Such problems might be tackled through understanding the drivers of the
41 delphinine radiation. Here, we examine delphinine historical biogeography using the
42 phylogeny of McGowen et al. 2009 as our working hypothesis. We used the “Spatial
43 Analysis of Vicariance” method to delimit modern distribution patterns, including
44 disjunctions involving sister nodes in the Delphininae. The analysis identified disjunct
45 sister nodes, allowing some interpretation of Delphininae biogeography. The Central
46 American Seaway was probably an important gateway for early delphinids, but the
47 succeeding “hard” barrier of the Panama Isthmus had little influence. Southern African
48 waters form the Atlantic-Indo-Pacific gateway, which is sometimes considered a “soft”
49 barrier because of the variation in the Benguela and Agulhas currents, in turn driven by
50 tectonic changes and/or Pleistocene glacial and interglacial cycles. The latter cycles
51 probably fragmented coastal habitats, allowing allopatric speciation. Geological patterns
52 of turnover in Southern Ocean diatoms, which link to physical oceanic change, closely
53 match the main cluster of delphinine divergences. The Eastern Pacific Barrier, and
54 perhaps the associated Humboldt Current and equatorial “cold tongue”, affect modern
55 distributions, but cause and effect are poorly understood. Future research should involve
56 molecular-morphological phylogenetics for all species, subspecies, and ecomorphs.
57 Complete distributions must be known for all taxa to understand how vicariance and
58 dispersal shaped the distribution of delphinines.

59

60 **KEYWORDS:** Distribution, disjunctions, oceanic barriers, vicariance, dispersal

61 INTRODUCTION

62 Research on marine organisms, mainly invertebrates and fishes, has revealed a
63 biogeographical paradox: how speciation occurs in the face of apparently high
64 dispersal capabilities and in a relatively homogenous environment (Palumbi 1992;
65 Norris 2000; Bierne et al. 2003). Both planktic and nektic groups are involved.
66 According to Palumbi (1992), diverse mechanisms, such as selection, distance, and
67 behavior, can affect genetic structure in highly mobile species. Furthermore, genetic
68 change may also be initiated by extrinsic geological factors (Palumbi 1992). Abiotic
69 (physical) factors, such as changing ocean gateways, sea levels, temperatures, and
70 current systems, have been implicated in cetacean evolution over deep time, beyond
71 the origin of the Delphininae (e.g., Steeman et al. 2009; Marx and Fordyce 2015).
72 Speciation processes depend on the length of time that a barrier is impermeable to
73 gene flow and whether evolutionary changes in the allopatrically separated
74 populations result from differential selection or drift alone (McCafferty et al. 2002).
75 In this sense, the marine environment is more likely to offer a mosaic of divergent and
76 dynamic conditions that can drive marked genetic change across surprisingly small
77 spatial and temporal scales (Hauser and Carvalho 2008).

78 The clade Delphininae (Odontoceti: Delphinidae) is a widespread subfamily of
79 dolphins that exemplifies the challenges of inferring species boundaries and
80 phylogenetic relationships (Amaral et al. 2012b; Perrin et al. 2013). These dolphins
81 are widespread in tropical, subtropical, and temperate regions, in both neritic and
82 pelagic waters. Some species, such as *Delphinus delphis*, *Lagenodelphis hosei*,
83 *Stenella coeruleoalba*, and *Tursiops truncatus*, can tolerate lower water temperatures
84 and may occupy higher latitudes (Forcada 2009; Leduc 2009b). Some species are
85 endemic to the Atlantic (e.g., *Stenella clymene*, *Stenella frontalis*) or Indo-Pacific

86 basins (*Tursiops aduncus*) (Perrin et al. 1981, 2007; Fertl et al. 2003; Van Waerebeek
87 et al. 2004; Moreno et al. 2005; Mendez et al. 2013), while other taxa are more
88 localized. For example, some subspecies (e.g., *Stenella attenuata graffmani*, *Stenella*
89 *longirostris centroamericana*, *Delphinus delphis ponticus*) or species (*Tursiops*
90 *australis*) appear to be of restricted distribution (Perrin 1975, 1990, 2009; Charlton-
91 Robb et al. 2011). Some species of *Sousa* have patterns similar to the aforementioned
92 delphinines (e.g., *Sousa chinensis taiwanensis*, *Sousa sahalensis*) (Jefferson and
93 Rosenbaum 2014; Wang et al. 2015). Distribution patterns necessarily depend on
94 taxonomy, and we note that the Committee on Taxonomy (2016) has cautioned that
95 the status of some named delphinine taxa, including species above, is uncertain.

96 The subfamily Delphininae was initially recognized in the Delphinidae on the
97 basis of morphological characters, especially those described by Fraser and Purves
98 (1960; see also Kasuya 1973; Mead 1975; Muizon 1988; Perrin 1989). Early
99 molecular analyses of relationships amongst Odontoceti suggested that the genera
100 *Delphinus*, *Lagenodelphis*, *Sousa*, *Stenella*, and *Tursiops* should be included in the
101 delphinine clade (Leduc et al. 1999). Subsequent molecular studies basically differed
102 in the proposed relationships between species, the inclusion or exception of *Sousa*,
103 and the paraphyly of *Stenella* and *Tursiops* (Leduc et al. 1999; Caballero et al. 2008;
104 Kingston et al. 2009; Amaral et al. 2012b; Perrin et al. 2013). In a recent review,
105 Perrin et al. (2013) proposed that, until molecular and/or morphological analyses
106 adequately sort out relationships, one possible solution would be to create a “clean
107 state” by synonymizing all delphinine genera under *Delphinus*. This idea was later
108 opposed, however, due to negative consequences for management decisions and
109 conservation (Jefferson 2014; Wang 2014).

110 Delphininae are the product of a recent and rapid radiation event (Kingston et

111 al. 2009). Molecular data suggest the group originated at the start of the Pliocene,
112 between 5.3 Ma (Banguera-Hinestroza et al. 2014) and 3.5 Ma (McGowen et al.
113 2009; Cunha et al. 2011). Fossil evidence suggests that the minimum age for the
114 origin of the crown Delphininae is about 4 Ma based on the extinct crown-delphinine
115 *Etruridelphis giulli* dated with accuracy to be slightly older than 3.98 Ma (Bianucci et
116 al. 2009; Bianucci 2013). Other Pliocene occurrences include reports of fossil
117 *Stenella*, *Tursiops*, and *Delphinus* (Barnes 1990; Whitmore 1994; Bianucci 1996,
118 2013; Fitzgerald 2005). These examples are consistent with a rapid early Pliocene
119 diversification, which likely continued through the Pleistocene (McGowen et al.
120 2009; Hassanin et al. 2012; Banguera-Hinestroza et al. 2014). There are no reliably
121 identified, convincingly-dated fossil delphinines older than Pliocene, namely, older
122 than 5.333 Ma; older reports of Delphinidae are discussed below.

123 The pioneering work of Davies (1963), influenced in turn by Ekman (1953),
124 reviewed geological barriers affecting the evolution of distribution patterns amongst
125 living cetaceans. The Isthmus of Panama, the Cape of Good Hope, and the island-free
126 deep water belt of the East Pacific (Ekman 1953) could have been effective barriers at
127 different times during the Pliocene-Pleistocene. According to Davies, Pleistocene
128 cycles of glacial cooling and interglacial warming led to contraction or expansion of
129 tropical waters, allowing mixing (in modern terms, gene flow) across the contracted
130 tropics during cooling, or causing separation of northern and southern cetaceans
131 during warmer intervals of expanded tropics.

132 Davies (1963) regarded the present as a time of mixing after the last glaciation
133 some 15,000 years ago. Furthermore, cooling caused by the onset of Northern
134 Hemisphere glaciations and the acceleration of glacial cycles in the Pleistocene, with
135 concomitant sea level changes, periodic sea surface temperature changes of as much as

136 two to six degrees, and fluctuations in upwelling, current strength, and wind patterns,
137 have great impact on the marine biota (Palumbi 1992; Jackson 1994).

138 Research on modern and ancient oceanic patterns and processes has hugely
139 expanded since the work of Davies (Fig. 1, caption), as discussed below. Patterns in
140 the rock record reveal geological processes such as change in ocean currents,
141 temperatures, and ocean gateways. Microfossils, particularly diatoms and foraminifera,
142 are important proxies for paleoclimate, paleocirculation, and paleoproductivity.
143 Inferences based on such geological materials are thus independent of the cetacean
144 patterns and processes that we explore here.

145 Here, we apply the Spatial Analysis of Vicariance (SAV) method (Arias et al.
146 2011) to identify possible disjunctions between sister-taxa in Delphininae and related
147 taxa, using the phylogeny of McGowen et al. (2009) and an extensive geographic
148 distributional data. SAV has been used in biogeographical analysis of terrestrial
149 organisms (Gaetano and Rougier 2012; Latinne et al. 2012; Molineri and Salles 2013;
150 Teixeira et al. 2014), but this is the first attempt to apply the method to marine
151 cetaceans. We seek to test SAV for a setting (the oceans) which generally lacks hard
152 barriers, and a wide-ranging study taxon - Cetacea - which has high dispersal
153 capabilities compared with organisms in terrestrial biomes.

154 In this study, we aim to: (1) carry out a thorough assessment of the geographic
155 distribution for delphinines and related species; (2) implement a novel method in
156 marine environments, SAV, to help address the marine speciation paradox; (3)
157 integrate several lines of evidence (e.g., fossil record, morphological and molecular
158 data, geographic distribution, climate trends, productivity proxies) to search for
159 geological, climatic, and geographic conditions that have influenced the evolutionary
160 history of the Delphininae.

161 MATERIAL AND METHODS

162 Biogeographical Analysis

163 The biogeographical analysis was conducted through the Spatial Analysis of
164 Vicariance (SAV): a taxon history method that chooses a set of distributional
165 reconstructions based on an optimality criterion to maximize cases of disjunction (i.e.,
166 barriers) for sister nodes. These disjunct distributions are displayed on a map that
167 identifies the potential barrier localities (Arias et al. 2011). SAV is implemented in
168 VIP (Vicariance Inference Program), a free computer program available online (Arias
169 2010). This taxon history method is based on Hovenkamp's procedures to identify
170 events that correspond to dispersal barriers separating biotas (Hovenkamp 1997,
171 2001; Arias et al. 2011). Hovenkamp (1997) suggested that, to reconstruct the
172 sequence of biogeographic events, one needs only geographical and historical
173 information as presented in a cladistic analysis. Unlike other biogeographical methods
174 (e.g., DIVA - Ronquist 1997; S-DIVA - Yu et al. 2010), SAV does not need a set of
175 predefined areas, or assumptions of hierarchical relations between areas, and
176 furthermore it allows researchers to ignore distributions linked to problematic nodes
177 (e.g., widespread taxa).

178 The optimality criterion recovered by SAV is a measure to rank different
179 reconstructions, and select the one that provides the best fit among the reconstruction
180 and the data (i.e., lowest cost) based on a series of cost settings to different
181 parameters. We performed a heuristic search of 1000 iterations (full sector search
182 selected), with the cost of distribution removal and the cost of partial removal
183 (activated) set to 1 and 0.75, respectively. In order to represent distributions as a grid
184 of absence/presence data, a grid of 2°x2° was selected and maximum fill adjusted to 1
185 with a Von Neumann's neighborhood as filling algorithm. We assessed the effects of

186 alternative settings by using different grid sizes ($1^{\circ}\times 1^{\circ}$), different maximum fills (2
187 and 3), and different costs to partial or total removal of terminals, but the results were
188 similar to those obtained using the default settings noted above, or at least had higher
189 scores.

190 **Phylogeny**

191 As basis for the biogeographical analysis, we used the topology of McGowen
192 et al. (2009), pruned to include only Delphininae and their sister taxon, *Sotalia*, using
193 the software Archaeopteryx (Han and Zmasek 2009).

194 The McGowen et al. (2009) phylogenetic hypothesis was chosen because: (1)
195 it includes data from ten taxa of delphinine dolphins that represent 41.7% of taxa
196 formally described (Table 1); (2) it includes both nuclear and mitochondrial data; (3)
197 it provides an explicit estimate of the sequence of divergence among lineages; and (4)
198 it shows branch support values (posterior probabilities) higher than 0.89.

199 Given the current taxonomic confusion within the genus *Delphinus*, we
200 collapsed the *Delphinus* nodes on the McGowen et al. (2009) phylogeny and refer to
201 them as *Delphinus* spp.

202 **Geographical information**

203 We performed an exhaustive review of the literature published after 1970,
204 compiling records from population and case studies, sightings, incidental or
205 intentional captures, and strandings. We then used this information to assign a
206 minimum geographical range to each of the species present in the pruned phylogeny.
207 Geographical coordinates were estimated using *Google Earth* where only locality
208 information was available. Records containing misidentified species, dubious or
209 incomplete information, and species extralimital records were ignored. Some of the
210 reported species names may be of uncertain biological identity, according to the

211 Committee on Taxonomy (2016) (asterisked in Table 1).

212 All data generated or analysed during this study are included in this published
213 article [Supplementary Information.docx].

214

215 **RESULTS**

216 **Biogeographical Analysis**

217 Currently, up to 24 taxa are included in the clade Delphininae (Table 1)
218 (Charlton-Robb et al. 2011; Committee on Taxonomy 2016; Wickert et al. 2016).
219 Pacific Ocean has the highest number of delphinine taxa (66.7%), followed by the
220 Indian (54.2%) and Atlantic oceans (45.8%). Also, Pacific Ocean has the highest
221 number of endemic species (20.8%), followed by the Atlantic (17%) and Indian
222 oceans (8%).

Table 1. Genera described in Delphininae subfamily and reported distribution. Not all are included in the biogeographic analysis (see Table 2).

Taxon [†]	Ocean Basin			Black Sea	References
	Atlantic	Indian	Pacific		
<i>Delphinus delphis</i> Linnaeus, 1758	x	x	x		Jefferson and Van Waerebeek 2002; Natoli et al. 2008; Perrin 2009; Tavares et al. 2010; Amaral et al. 2012a; Cunha et al. 2015
<i>D. d. ponticus</i> Barabash-Nikiforov, 1935				x	
* <i>Delphinus tropicalis</i> Van Bree, 1971		x			
<i>D. t. capensis</i> Gray, 1828	x	x	x		
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i> Fraser, 1956	x	x	x		Perrin 1973; Jefferson and Leatherwood 1994
<i>Sousa chinensis</i> (Osbeck, 1765)		x	x		Jefferson and Rosenbaum 2014; Wang et al. 2015
<i>S. c. taiwanensis</i> Wang et al. 2015			x		
<i>S. plumbea</i> (G. Cuvier, 1829)		x			
<i>S. sahalensis</i> Jefferson and Rosenbaum, 2014		x	x		
<i>S. teuszii</i> (Kükenthal, 1892)	x				
<i>Stenella attenuata</i> (Gray, 1846)	x	x	x		Perrin 1975,1990; Perrin et al. 1981, 1987, 1994, 1999; Fertl et al. 2003; Moreno et al. 2005
<i>S. a. graffmani</i> (Lönnerberg, 1934)			x		
<i>S. clymene</i> (Gray, 1850)	x				
<i>S. coeruleoalba</i> (Meyen, 1833)	x	x	x		
<i>S. frontalis</i> (G. Cuvier, 1829)	x				
<i>S. longirostris</i> (Gray, 1828)	x	x	x		
<i>S. l. centroamericana</i> Perrin, 1990			x		
<i>S. l. orientalis</i> Perrin, 1990			x		
<i>S. l. roseiventris</i> (Wagner, 1846)			x		
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i> (Ehrenberg, 1833)		x	x		Perrin et al. 2007; Viaud-Martinez et al. 2008; Wang and Yang 2009; Wells and Scott 2009; Charlton-Robb et al. 2011; Wickert et al. 2016
* <i>T. australis</i> Charlton-Robb et al., 2011		x	x		
* <i>T. gephyreus</i> Lahille, 1908	x				
<i>T. truncatus</i> (Montagu, 1821)	x	x	x		
<i>T. t. ponticus</i> Barabash-Nikiforov, 1940				x	
Endemic total taxa	4	2	5	2	
Non-endemic taxa	7	11	11	-	
Total	11	13	16		

[†]Original descriptions for taxonomic names are cited either in References or in Rice (1998).

*Taxa not recognized as distinct by the Committee on Taxonomy (2016).

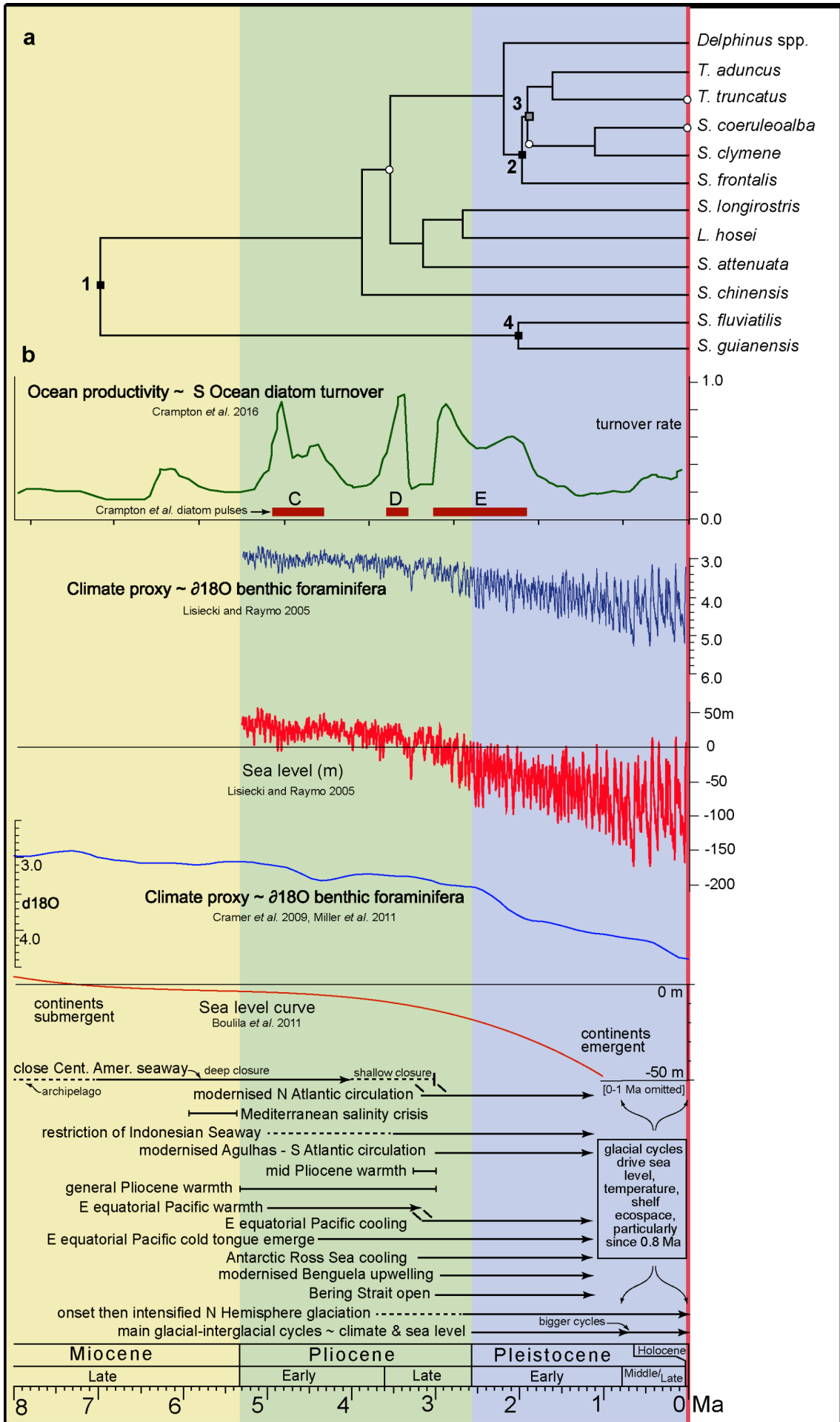
227 The comprehensive literature review returned thousands of records, from which
 228 2,152 records were selected for biogeographical analysis (Table 2, Supplementary
 229 Information).

230 **Table 2.** Taxa considered in biogeographical analysis and their respective numbers of
 231 records compiled from literature.

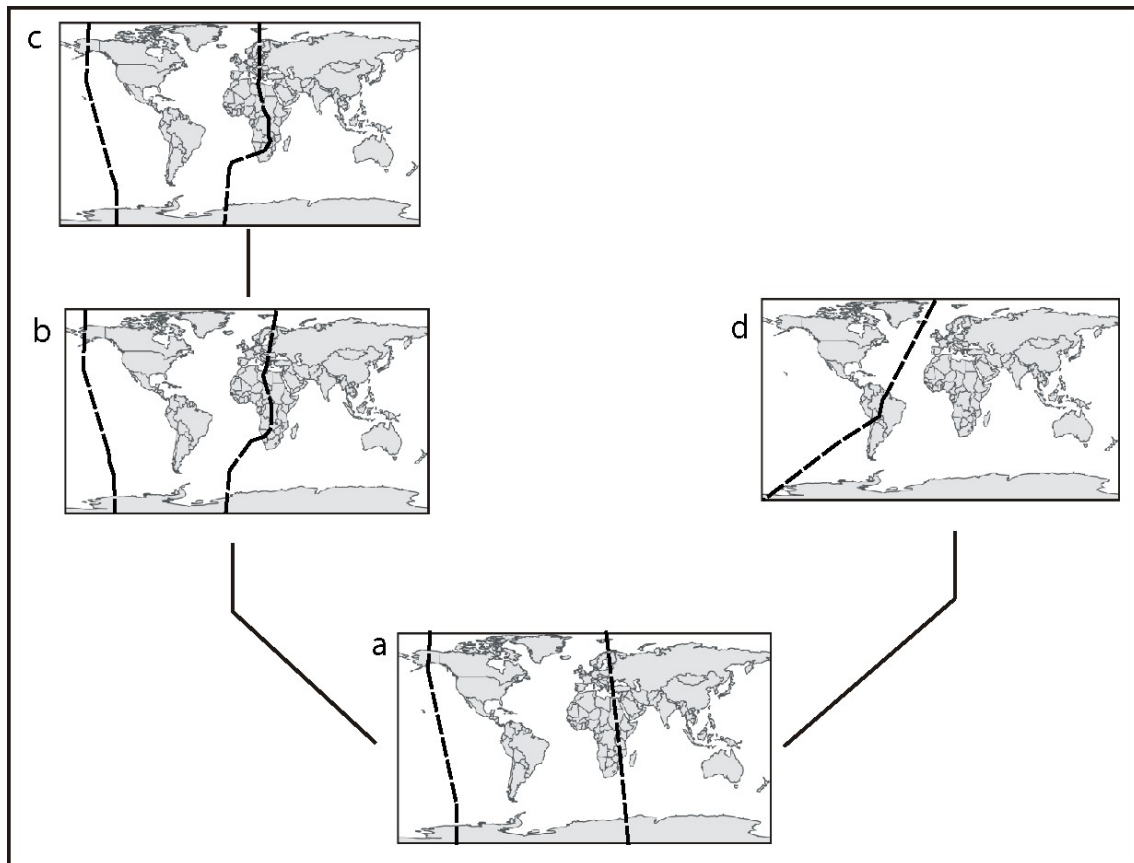
Terminal taxon	Number of records*
<i>Delphinus</i> spp.	337
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	141
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	18
<i>S. guianensis</i>	50
<i>Sousa chinensis</i>	5
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	495
<i>S. clymene</i>	153
<i>S. coeruleoalba</i>	157
<i>S. frontalis</i>	172
<i>S. longirostris</i>	373
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	33
<i>T. truncatus</i>	218
TOTAL	2,152

232 *Detailed information from records utilized in the biogeographical analysis is in
 233 Supplementary Material.

235 Three reconstructions with the lowest cost, namely 7.75, were produced by
 236 SAV. In the consensus reconstruction, three disjunct sister pairs and one alternative
 237 disjunct sister pair were recovered (i.e., the event did not interfere in the final cost of
 238 reconstruction), and four nodes had the distribution of their terminal taxa removed
 239 (i.e., ignored data) (Fig. 1a). At node 1, an ancestral disjunction was recovered
 240 between the clade Delphininae and (*Sotalia fluviatilis* + *Sotalia guianensis*). A second
 241 disjunction at node 2 separates ((*Tursiops truncatus* + *Tursiops aduncus*) + (*Stenella*
 242 *coeruleoalba* + *Stenella clymene*)) from (*Stenella frontalis*). An alternative
 243 disjunction was recovered in node 3, which separates (*Tursiops truncatus* + *Tursiops*
 244 *aduncus*) from (*Stenella coeruleoalba* + *Stenella clymene*). In the outgroup, a
 245 disjunction was recovered between *Sotalia fluviatilis* and *Sotalia guianensis* in node
 246 4. All disjunctions are represented in Fig. 2.



248 **Fig. 1** Delphininae phylogeny and paleoenvironmental events. a) Phylogeny modified
249 from McGowen et al. (2009). The branch lengths follow the sequence of branching
250 events provided by McGowen et al. (2009). Numbers identify phylogenetic nodes,
251 where disjunctions were recovered by Spatial Analysis of Vicariance. Symbols are as
252 follows: black square indicates a vicariance event; gray square indicates an alternative
253 vicariance event; white circle indicates that the taxon has its distribution removed. b)
254 Paleoenvironmental events plotted against geological time. Timescale (bottom) is after
255 the International Union of Geological Sciences (Cohen et al. 2015); corresponding time
256 intervals are coloured as follows: Miocene – light yellow; Pliocene – light green;
257 Pleistocene – light blue; Holocene – a very thin column in red. Times and other details
258 for paleoenvironmental events, reading from bottom up, are from these references:
259 glaciation, Woodard et al. (2014), De Schepper et al. (2014 - 3.6 Ma onset and 2.7 Ma
260 intensification of Northern Hemisphere), Bell et al. (2015); Bering Strait open (Brierly
261 and Federov 2016, possibly before 3 Ma); Benguela upwelling, Krammer et al. (2006,
262 upwelling established ~10 Ma), Dowsett et al. (2013), Karas et al. (2011), Petrick et al.
263 (2015a); Ross Sea cooling, Riesselman and Dunbar (2013); eastern equatorial Pacific
264 "cold tongue" emerged, Rousselle et al. (2013); eastern equatorial Pacific warmth then
265 cooling, Martínez-García et al. (2010), Zhang et al. (2014), Molnar and Cronin (2015);
266 general Pliocene warmth, Dowsett et al. (2013); M2 glaciation followed by Late
267 Pliocene (Late Piacenzian) warmth, Dowsett et al. (2013), Petrick et al. (2015a),
268 Haywood et al. 2016; modernized Agulhas circulation, Flores et al. 1999; restriction of
269 Indonesian seaway, Karas et al. (2011), Molnar and Cronin (2015); Mediterranean
270 salinity crisis, Flecker et al. (2015); stepped closure (deep to archipelagic to shallow) of
271 Central American Seaway, Jackson and O'Dea (2013), Coates and Stallard (2013),
272 Osborne et al. (2014), Bacon et al. (2016), Brierly and Federov (2016); modernization
273 of North Atlantic circulation following closure of Central American Seaway, Keigwin
274 (1982), Mudelsee and Raymo (2005), Jackson and O'Dea (2013), Rousselle et al.
275 (2013). Smoothed first-order sea-level curve, Boulila et al. (2011). Climate proxy of
276 smoothed $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ curve from benthic foraminifera, Cramer et al. (2009), as interpreted by
277 Miller et al. (2011). Sea-level curve and climate proxy $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ from benthic foraminifera,
278 Lisiecki and Raymo (2005). Oceanic paleoproductivity change as indicated by Southern
279 Ocean diatom turnover rate, Crampton et al. (2016).
280



282
 283 **Fig. 2** Disjunctions recovered by Spatial Analysis of Vicariance from the phylogeny of
 284 McGowen et al. (2009). a) indicates the disjunction recovered at node 1; b) indicates
 285 disjunction recovered at node 2; c) indicates the disjunction recovered at node 3; and, d)
 286 indicates the disjunction recovered at node 4.

287

288 In summary, our results show:

289

290 1, time-calibrated branching patterns in phylogeny (Fig. 1a), which were established
 291 independently of geologically identified and geologically-dated paleoceanic events.

292 2, paleoceanic events (Fig. 1b), involving change in paleoclimate, paleocirculation,
 293 barriers and gateways, and paleoproductivity, all established independently of
 294 cetacean phylogeny.

295 3, biogeographical patterns (Fig. 2 a-d), based on biological distributions, and
 296 established independently of the history of ocean barriers and gateways. The
 297 biogeographic analysis revealed persistent disjunctions in the eastern Pacific and the
 298 between Atlantic and Indian ocean basins at the tip of South Africa (Figs. 1a, 2 a-c),

299 as well as a further disjunction in the southwestern Atlantic Ocean (Figs. 1a, 2d).

300

301 **DISCUSSION**

302 A classic problem in biogeography is to explain why particular terrestrial and
303 freshwater taxa have disjunct geographical distributions that are broken up, for
304 example, by oceans (De Queiroz 2005), and what mix of dispersal and vicariance
305 events might be involved. Vicariance, dispersal, speciation, and extinction operate in
306 the oceans as much as they do on land, as do other factors such as changes in climate,
307 tectonics, competition, dispersability, and habitat specialization (Vermeij 2005).
308 Nevertheless, it is often more challenging to explain the distribution of marine species
309 in their interconnected and highly 3-dimensional world. This is particularly true of
310 cetaceans, which are large, highly mobile, endothermic, homeothermic and,
311 presumably, eurythermic, and thus might be expected to be generally wide-ranging.
312 Yet, in spite of such adaptations, many cetaceans have clearly delimited distributions,
313 and few are cosmopolitan (e.g. Leduc 2009a).

314 Phylogenies help to understand the many levels of evolutionary processes that
315 have shaped today's biota (Davies et al. 2008). In general, phylogenies are based
316 mainly on readily-collected molecular data, producing constant improvements in the
317 accuracy and resolution of phylogenetic reconstructions. However, such approaches
318 describe the history of fragments of the genome, rather than the history of a species
319 (Szollösi et al. 2015). Further, morphological clues about the evolutionary history of a
320 group are often omitted, as homologous molecular sequences are easier to recognize
321 and code than most morphological characters and complexes (Szollösi et al. 2015).
322 Yet, morphologically-based phylogenies that include well-preserved and well-dated
323 fossils may indicate the age of high-level cladogenetic events, the history of morpho-
324 functional complexes, and unsuspected past radiations not revealed by modern

325 molecules (e.g., Marx and Fordyce 2015).

326 Several recent studies have considered the drivers of the extant cetacean
327 radiation, using data based mainly on molecules (i.e., phylogenetic data, demographic
328 data, diversification rates and times of divergence) (Hamilton et al. 2001, Pichler et
329 al. 2001, Natoli et al. 2004, 2006; Harlin-Cognato et al. 2007; Pastene et al. 2007;
330 Steeman et al. 2009; Amaral et al. 2012b; Hassanin et al. 2012, Moura et al. 2013;
331 and Banguera-Hinestroza et al. 2014). Morphologically-based analyses with limited
332 taxa have included fossils, which potentially provide absolute dates for nodes, while
333 enforcing molecular constraints (Bianucci 2013; Murakami et al. 2014b). Marx and
334 Fordyce (2015) used a total evidence approach (modern and fossil morphology, and
335 molecules).

336 Fossil evidence and molecular data suggest a geologically young, Pliocene,
337 origin of delphinines. The geological record for the last 5 Ma – particularly, the
338 record of sediments, microfossils, and their contained geochemical signals – reveals
339 many physical oceanic and geographic events that may have affected delphinine
340 history (Fig. 1). Such events may be cyclic (e.g., global climate, ice, sea-level, shelf
341 area), or long-term trends that are not necessarily cyclic (e.g., first-order sea-level, or
342 first-order sea bottom temperature), or switch-like single events (e.g., tectonic
343 changes in ocean gateways). Some biological patterns in fossil groups other than
344 cetaceans (e.g., diatoms - Lazarus et al. 2014; Crampton et al. 2016; coccoliths -
345 Krammer et al. 2006) are also recognized proxies for paleoenvironmental change
346 likely to have influenced cetacean history (e.g., Marx and Fordyce 2015).

347 The objective of SAV is to identify disjunct distributions among sister groups.
348 Vicariance is not the only process allowed by the analysis, because the SAV
349 disjunction might equally imply a barrier to dispersal (Hovenkamp 1997; Arias et al.

2011). The analysis also helps to localize a barrier that separated sister taxa, which allows the researcher to identify possible underlying causes that keeps both distributions disjunct (Arias et al. 2011). The disjunct sister pairs recovered by our analysis were separated by non-terrestrial (i.e., soft marine) barriers, such as ocean currents and climate changes. Barriers for different nodes involved South African and eastern Pacific waters (Figs. 1a, 2). Although not recovered by SAV, we also consider that barriers established prior to the radiation of Delphininae, involving the closure of Central America Seaway and Tethys, had or have some impact on the biogeography of these dolphins. In summary, it is reasonable to suppose that the blocking of the tropical route between the Atlantic and the other ocean basins (Fig. 3) played a key role in the biogeographical history of the Delphininae.

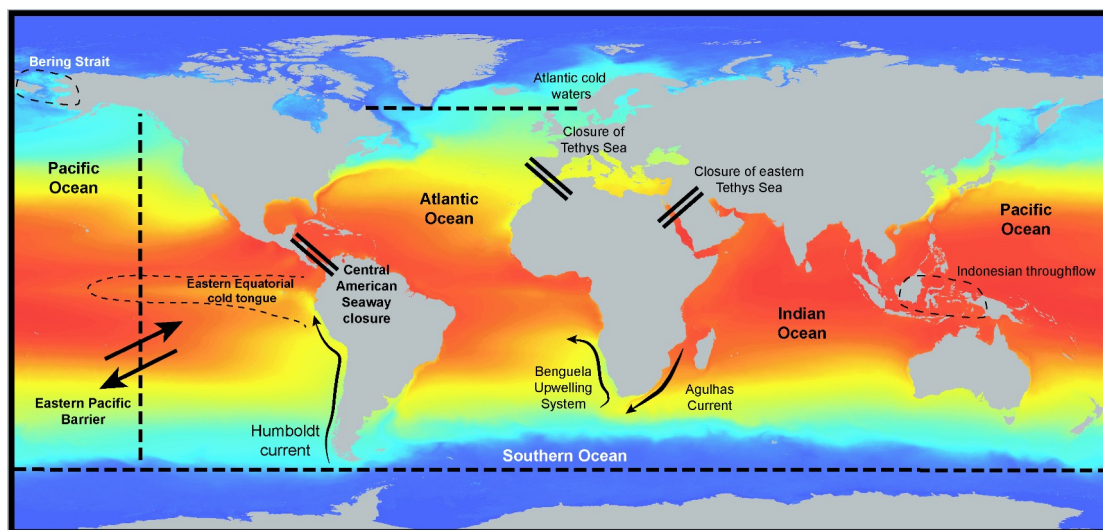


Fig. 3 Terrestrial and soft barriers established both before and during the delphinine radiation, and presumed to influence the larger radiation of Delphinidae. Modern Sea Surface Temperatures (SST) are represented as follows, red-orange = warm waters, blue colors = cold waters. Fonte: MARSPEC (Sbrocco and Barber 2013).

365

Soft barriers that were created by variation in flow and location of major currents were important: the Benguela Upwelling System, the Gulf Stream, the Agulhas Current, and the Indonesian through-flow. Of these, the Benguela, Agulhas, and Indonesian currents were established long before the delphinine radiation (e.g.,

369

370 Lazarus et al. 2006; Krammer et al. 2006; Uenzelmann-Neben et al. 2007; Karas et al.
371 2011; Dowsett et al. 2013; Petrick et al. 2015a). Climatic and tectonic events within
372 the last 5 Ma, however (e.g., Caley et al. 2012, 2014; Simon et al. 2013; Petrick et al.
373 2015a, 2015b; Brierly and Federov 2016), caused variation in circulation that
374 probably affected delphinids and other cetaceans. Pleistocene glacial-interglacial sea-
375 level cycles (Berger et al. 2016) involved repeated, rapid, expansion, then contraction,
376 of shelf habitats globally. At the local to regional level, such changes had the potential
377 to affect distribution patterns and/or to separate coastal lineages (e.g., Fontaine et al.
378 2010; Pyenson and Lindberg 2011).

379

380 **The Atlantic: Characteristics, History, Importance**

381 The Atlantic Ocean harbors 11 species and subspecies of Delphininae, of
382 which four are endemic (Table 1). (Further studies may identify other endemic
383 cetaceans; see Tavares et al. 2010). Despite their proximity to each other, the Atlantic
384 and Indian oceans have very different dolphin faunas, suggesting that the southern tip
385 of Africa, in spite of extending only to 35°S, has acted as a barrier to separate lineages
386 of tropical delphinines (Perrin 2007). It was suggested previously that the relatively
387 higher proportion of endemic dolphins in the Atlantic, such as *Stenella clymene* and
388 *Stenella frontalis*, is due to the isolation of tropical Atlantic from the Indo-Pacific
389 during cold periods (e.g., Perrin et al. 1981; Leduc 2009a). Southern African waters
390 can be viewed as an occasionally-open gate (i.e., soft barrier), where variation in the
391 Benguela and Agulhas currents (Ansorge and Lutjeharms 2007) might affect
392 movement of tropical cetaceans between the Atlantic and Indian oceans (Perrin 2007).
393 We further discuss the modern and historical role of southern African waters below.
394 The geological record indicates that there have been no other Atlantic conduits for
395 delphinines in the Pleistocene (last ~2.5 Ma), apart from the Drake Passage and North

396 Atlantic-Nordic Sea - both high latitude and thus unlikely gateways (Fig. 3).
397
398 *Central American Seaway*. The biogeographical analysis does not recover a barrier
399 directly related to the Central American Seaway closure, but we expect that this
400 profound event influenced the early divergence of Delphininae lineages. The Central
401 American Seaway, which was open for all but the latest Cenozoic, was the western
402 part of two long-established pantropical oceans, matched in the east by the Tethys
403 Ocean between Eurasia and Africa. The Tethys, which connected the Atlantic to the
404 Indian Ocean, closed about 12 Ma, in the middle Miocene (Harzhauser and Piller
405 2007), before the radiation of the Delphininae, but the Central American Seaway
406 closure was prolonged into the Pliocene, with potential impact on delphinines.

407 There is wide debate about the times of the shallowing, and then total closure,
408 of the seaway (e.g., Woodburne 2010; Lessios 2015; Marko et al. 2015; Bacon et al.
409 2016). In summary, the docking of the Panama block to northwestern South America
410 has been dated from 14.8–12.8 Ma, followed by the collision of the Central American
411 Arc with South America at about 7 Ma (Montes et al. 2012). Patterns of isotopic,
412 geochemical, and faunal changes in sedimentary rocks on the isthmus indicate
413 progressive closing from ca. 7 to 3.5 Ma (Montes et al. 2012). Coates and Stallard
414 (2013) proposed that, from about 15 Ma until its final closure, the Central American
415 Arc was analogous to the Indonesian-Australian Archipelago, with narrow passages
416 that allowed substantial current flow and marine interchange. The most radical effects
417 of the closing of the isthmus only began to appear slightly over 4 Ma, when the
418 Caribbean's primary productivity began to decline owing to the disappearance of
419 upwelling (Leigh et al. 2014). In contrast with the Great American Interchange of
420 terrestrial biota, the creation of the isthmus split the formerly continuous tropical
421 Pacific-Caribbean marine biotas, fragmenting the ranges of marine species and

422 starting them on independent evolutionary paths (Lessios 2008; Sexton and Norris
423 2008; O’Dea et al. 2012). Closure had other potential impacts on delphinines. Firstly,
424 the Pliocene closure probably affected North Atlantic circulation and climate, by
425 diverting warm, saline water to high latitudes, allowing late Pliocene Northern
426 Hemisphere ice build-up (e.g., Keigwin 1982; Cronin and Dowsett 1996; De
427 Schepper et al. 2014), and the development of North Atlantic Deep Water. Secondly,
428 with the isthmus present, the southern tip of Africa provided the only possible
429 warmer-water connection between the Atlantic and Indian-Pacific oceans during the
430 later Pliocene and Pleistocene. By that time, other inter-oceanic connections, such as
431 the Bering Strait-Arctic-North Atlantic, and the Drake Passage beyond South
432 America, were cool (Sexton and Norris 2008).

433 *South African gateway.* The seas off southern Africa extend from the tropics to
434 Antarctica, including the southwest Indian and the southeast Atlantic Oceans. These
435 waters encompass circulatory regimes that affect cetacean distributions (e.g., currents,
436 fronts, vertical stratification, biological productivity, and chemical and physical
437 constituents of sea water) (Ansorge and Lutjeharms 2007). The interaction between
438 the large Benguela and Agulhas currents of the Atlantic and Indian oceans
439 respectively, and the westerly Antarctic Circumpolar Current of the Southern Ocean,
440 results in a highly dynamic circulation system (Ruijter 1982).

441 The southerly Benguela Current brings cold, low-salinity water from the South
442 Atlantic Current, in turn part of the larger Antarctic Circumpolar Current
443 (Rommerskirchen et al. 2011), to upwell close to Africa. The Benguela Upwelling
444 System is a globally major, cold, upwelling system, forming one of the most
445 productive ecosystems in the world; it supports a large biomass of fish, crustaceans,
446 sea birds, and marine mammals (Andrews and Hutchings 1980; Cohen et al. 1992;

447 Spalding et al. 2012).

448 The Agulhas Current marks the western boundary of the South Indian Ocean
449 subtropical gyre (Flores et al. 1999; Ansorge and Lutjeharms 2007). This
450 northeasterly current transports warm, salty water from the Indian Ocean to the
451 Agulhas Bank, where the current mostly retroflects to the south and then back east
452 (Ansorge and Lutjeharms 2007). Periodically, however, pulses of “Agulhas leakage”
453 pass northwest into the Atlantic (Ansorge and Lutjeharms 2007), to mix with the cold,
454 productive waters of the Benguela Current. During the Pleistocene, Agulhas leakage
455 varied in intensity and north-south extent in response to glacial/interglacial cycles
456 (Peeters et al. 2004; Simon et al. 2013; Caley et al. 2014; Rosell-Melé et al. 2014).
457 Agulhas leakage probably formed a cyclically open gateway for interoceanic
458 dispersal.

459 Sedimentological, paleontological, and geochemical evidence indicates that the
460 Benguela Upwelling System originated in the early late Miocene (10-12 Ma), with
461 progressive intensification of upwelling during the Pliocene and Pleistocene (Siesser
462 1980). Etourneau (2014) noted two intensification phases matched by two stages of
463 cooling that spanned at least 10°C: gradual from 12-5 Ma, and more intense from 5
464 Ma, roughly early Pliocene, to present. Benguela-related sea surface temperatures off
465 southwestern Africa dropped by more than 10°C from the early Pliocene to the middle
466 Pleistocene (Rommerskirchen et al. 2011: fig. 1b), associated with increased
467 upwelling. The later phase of a prolonged gradual cooling in Benguela System (3.2 to
468 2.1 Ma, late Pliocene) matches the initiation of Northern Hemisphere Glaciation (Fig.
469 1b). An apparent pause in the cooling trend is recorded at about 2.0 to 1.4 Ma. From
470 ca 0.6 Ma onwards there is evidence of SST fluctuations resembling 100-ky glacial-
471 interglacial cycles (Marlow et al. 2000).

472 The climatic changes in Benguela Upwelling System greatly affected the
473 Atlantic tropics. The Atlantic fauna appears to have been isolated from the southern
474 Indian Ocean by the Benguela Upwelling for at least 2 Ma (Floeter et al. 2008;
475 Lessios 2008).

476 The Agulhas Current has been active since at least the early Miocene, perhaps
477 23 Ma (Martin 1981, as interpreted by Preu et al. 2011; Flores et al. 1999). Hutson
478 (1980) indicated that, during glacial intervals, this current was not the strong year-
479 round one that it is today. Apparently, in the summer a weak tropical current was
480 present, but in the winter it was replaced by cool and high salinity waters. The flow of
481 Indian Ocean water into the Atlantic Ocean via the Agulhas leakage thus varied
482 substantially between past interglacials and glacials, being substantially reduced
483 during glacials (Peeters et al. 2004), probably influenced by the northwards expansion
484 of cool watermasses, but increased towards deglacials (Scussolini et al. 2013).
485 Furthermore, increased Agulhas leakage seems to be a precursor to the re-
486 establishment and maintenance of full interglacial conditions (Peeters et al. 2004).

487 In summary, the Atlantic Ocean was isolated by the formation of the Panama
488 Isthmus about 3 Ma, leaving the South African gateway as the only connection
489 available to the tropical biota. Here, the combination of the Benguela Upwelling
490 System and the Agulhas Current forms a cyclically permeable soft barrier to
491 delphinine lineages where, during warm intervals (interglacials), tropical species
492 might move between the Atlantic and Indo-Pacific oceans, whereas during cold
493 intervals (glaciations) these fronts become impermeable barriers that help fragment
494 widespread taxa, leading to allopatric speciation or local extinction. The South
495 African gateway may have lead to diversification in other marine groups (reef fishes -
496 Floeter et al. 2008; crabs - Teske et al. 2014), and has also been implicated in the

497 dispersal of temperate dolphins, such as *Lagenorhynchus obscurus* (Harlin-Cognato et
498 al. 2007) and *Delphinus delphis* (Amaral et al. 2012a).

499 **Eastern Pacific**

500 SAV recovered at different nodes a barrier localized in the eastern Pacific (Fig.
501 1a nodes 1, 2 and 3; Fig. 2a, b and c). We hypothesized that changes in sea-surface
502 conditions in the equatorial Pacific along Pliocene and/or the Eastern Pacific Barrier
503 may have influenced the actual distribution patterns of delphinines in the Pacific.
504 Nowadays, the “equatorial cold tongue” and coastal waters in the eastern tropical
505 Pacific have higher densities of delphinine species, such as *Stenella coeruleoalba*,
506 *Stenella attenuata*, and *Tursiops truncatus*, than offshore waters in the northern and
507 southern Pacific tropical gyres (Ferguson et al. 2006). The Eastern Pacific Barrier is a
508 long-recognized oceanic feature (Darwin 1859: 348, 1876: 317; Ekman 1953; Davies
509 1963) separating the eastern and central Pacific. It has been regarded as the world’s
510 largest marine biogeographic soft barrier (Briggs 2003; Lessios 2008), and this barrier
511 has been in place between Polynesia and the American continent throughout the
512 Cenozoic (since 66 Ma; Lessios and Robertson 2006). Nevertheless, dispersal through
513 the barrier is possible (Lessios 2008), thus making it a permeable filter for delphinine
514 dolphins. Also in the tropical eastern Pacific, the geographically-related equatorial
515 eastern Pacific “cold tongue” of La Niña develops periodically, sometimes over
516 several years, when trade winds cause shallowing of the thermocline (Martínez-García
517 et al. 2010). Geological proxies suggest that this feature had developed by the early
518 Pliocene (4.4-3.6 Ma, Rousselle et al. 2013). Lawrence et al. (2006) noted that the
519 eastern tropical Pacific had cooled markedly since about 3 Ma. The cold, upwelling
520 Humboldt Current, which is associated with the “cold tongue”, has been a major
521 oceanic feature since at least the Miocene (Sepulchre et al. 2009).

522

523 **Glacial – interglacial cycles: species diversification at temporal and spatial fine –**
524 **scale**

525 Despite their often-high dispersal potential, and the apparent continuity of the
526 marine environment, many marine species exhibit fine-scale population structure
527 (Norris 2000; Bierne et al. 2003). Several studies have postulated the existence of
528 dolphin morpho/ecotypes or subspecies in widely distributed species, probably related
529 to specialized coastal habits, and resulting in well-structured populations within
530 relatively small areas (Natoli et al. 2004, 2006; Escorza-Trevino et al. 2005; Adams
531 and Rosel 2006; Möller et al. 2009; Morin et al. 2010; Charlton-Robb et al. 2011;
532 Amaral et al. 2012a; Andrews et al. 2013; Mendez et al. 2013; Moura et al. 2013).

533 The disjunction recovered in the southwestern Atlantic (Fig. 2d) suggests
534 fragmentation of coastal environments as consequence of marine regressions and
535 transgressions during Pleistocene glacial-interglacial cycles. The glacial cycles caused
536 repeated reduction or loss of shelf ecospace (Ludt and Rocha 2015; Marx and
537 Fordyce 2015). Distribution ranges and gene flow of coastal marine species could
538 have been interrupted by physical barriers (e.g., oscillations in sea level and sea
539 temperature), thereby increasing the effect of evolutionary forces that drive
540 speciation (e.g., genetic drift, selection and founder effects) (Hewitt 2000, 2004).

541 As an example, changing sea levels and fragmentation of the coastal
542 environment may explain speciation in the delphinid genus *Sotalia* in eastern and
543 northeastern South America. *Sotalia guianensis* occurs in coastal waters from
544 southern Brazil to Honduras, while *Sotalia fluviatilis* inhabits the Amazon River in
545 Brazil, Ecuador, Colombia, and Peru (Romero et al. 2001; Cunha et al. 2005;
546 Caballero et al. 2007). The specific status of marine and riverine ecotypes of *Sotalia*

547 was long uncertain (Monteiro-Filho et al. 2002; Cunha et al. 2005; Caballero et al.
548 2007), but two species are now recognized. Cunha et al. (2005) estimated the
549 divergence times between two species at about 5-2.5 Ma, or Pliocene, and suggested
550 that, at about 2.5 Ma, *Sotalia* was able to colonize the Amazon basin as a
551 consequence of reduced river discharge during a period of high sea levels. Miller et
552 al. (2012) reported that Pliocene sea levels reached +22 m at 3.2-2.8 Ma.
553 Alternatively, a more recent divergence between coastal and riverine *Sotalia* at about
554 1-1.2 Ma was proposed, linked to sea level changes that affected the Amazon basin
555 during the Pleistocene (Caballero et al. 2007).

556

557 **Fossils and the delphinine radiation**

558

559 The cetacean fossil record, which has distinctive strengths and weaknesses, is
560 informative if interpreted carefully (Fordyce and Muizon 2001). The short review
561 below supports the notion that delphinines had a substantial Pliocene radiation (e.g.,
562 Bianucci 2013). To consider general patterns in the record, some epochs or
563 geographic regions are represented poorly. Most parts of fossil skeletons have been
564 used as type specimens (Fordyce and Muizon 2001), but some elements (skulls, teeth,
565 mandibles, earbones) are much more informative than others (vertebrae, limb bones).
566 Many fossils are placed in extant genera, but most need morphological phylogenetic
567 analysis to establish relationships, and placement as crown or stem taxa. Pleistocene
568 fossils can help to understand the origins of living cetacean species, but informative
569 specimens are rare because of the lack of suitable mid-shelf marine rocks. Late
570 Miocene-Pliocene fossils have great potential to elucidate the origins of modern
571 genera and families, such as Balaenopteridae and Delphinidae (Tsai et al. 2013).

572 The Pliocene saw high speciation-extinction rates for Delphinidae, associated
573 with the origins of extant taxa (Bianucci 2013). In summary, the explosive Pliocene-

574 Pleistocene diversification of delphinids seems to be related, in general, to their
575 enhanced echolocation abilities, increase in brain size, global climatic cooling, and
576 the beginning of the Northern Hemisphere glaciations and related changes in sea level
577 (Bianucci 2013). Pliocene fossils assigned to extant delphinine genera, such as
578 *Stenella*, *Delphinus*, and *Tursiops*, have a widespread geographic distribution of
579 fragmentary specimens, with more complete specimens mainly recovered from
580 assemblages in Italy and North Carolina, USA (Bianucci 2013). Globicephaline
581 delphinid fossils are similarly widely distributed (Boessenecker et al. 2015).
582 However, close study is needed to confirm that such fossils indeed represent extant
583 genera and/or are properly identified at species level, leading Bianucci (2013) to
584 suggest that the reported diversity of Pliocene dolphins is probably underestimated.

585 To review regional patterns, Italian Pliocene cetacean assemblages include
586 fossils referred to *Tursiops*, *Stenella*, and *Delphinus* (Bianucci 1996). One, *Tursiops*
587 *osennae*, is close to living *Tursiops truncatus*. Two Pliocene *Stenella* fossils from
588 Tuscany were described as *Stenella giulli* and *Stenella* sp., diagnosed on the basis of
589 size and rostral proportions (Bianucci 1996). Later, Bianucci et al. (2009) removed
590 “*Stenella*” *giulli* to a new genus, *Etruridelphis*. New genera and species namely
591 *Astadelphis gastaldii* and *Septidelphis morii* were also described from Sabbie di Asti
592 Formation (northwestern Italy) of the Pliocene epoch (Bianucci 1996, 2013). A
593 phylogenetic analysis using a molecular scaffold positioned *Septidelphis* and
594 *Etruridelphis* as sister taxa inside Delphininae in a basal position in relation to the
595 clade formed by all other extant delphinines (Bianucci 2013). *Astadelphis* was
596 positioned as the sister taxon of this clade and all extant delphinines except *Sousa*
597 (Bianucci 2013). Note that the latter three fossil delphinines (*Etruridelphis*,
598 *Astadelphis*, and *Septidelphis*) are geographically restricted to the Mediterranean.

599 Whether this apparent higher concentration of delphinids in Italian sediments is real,
600 or an artifact of sampling, is uncertain.

601 Bianucci et al. (1998) observed that the Italian record indicates a turnover of
602 the Mediterranean fauna during the Pliocene, involving archaic Miocene cetaceans at
603 time of intense climatic crisis at about 2.6 – 2.4 Ma, probably triggered by Northern
604 Hemisphere glaciation (Bianucci et al. 1998).

605 In North America, the Lee Creek Mine (North Carolina) has produced one of
606 the most diverse fossil marine mammal assemblages from the western North Atlantic.
607 Here, the Pliocene Yorktown Formation cetacean assemblage was deposited from
608 about 4.8 to 3 Ma, in a shoreline environment gently shelving and open to the ocean
609 (Whitmore 1994; Whitmore and Kaltenbach 2008). Fossil delphinids have been
610 identified as *Stenella*, *Tursiops*, *Delphinus*, *Lagenorhynchus*, *Globicephala*, and
611 *Pseudorca*, some representing named new species (Whitmore 1994; Whitmore and
612 Kaltenbach 2008). For example, an extinct species of *Stenella*, *Stenella rayi*, was
613 described from much of a skull that allows morphological comparison with living
614 species (Whitmore and Kaltenbach 2008). Pliocene to early Pleistocene cetacean
615 assemblages from the Purisima and San Diego formations of California, eastern North
616 Pacific, include fossils similar to *Tursiops*, *Delphinus* or *Stenella*, and *Globicephala*
617 (Barnes 1977; Boessenecker 2013); specimens have yet to be assigned to named
618 species.

619 In the eastern North Atlantic, fossils trawled from Plio-Pleistocene sediments
620 of the North Sea (Netherlands) include extant and extinct genera (Post 2005; Post and
621 Bosselaers 2005; Post and Kompanje 2010). The extinct late Pliocene delphinid
622 *Hemisyntachelus* is considered a member of a temperate to cold cetacean fauna (Post
623 and Bosselaers 2005). Previously, it was suggested that *Hemisyntachelus* was the

624 most common delphinid from Italian Pliocene sediments, and was possibly endemic
625 to the Mediterranean (Bianucci 1997). Post and Bosselaers (2005) concluded that the
626 early Pliocene *Tursiops oligodon*, which was described by Pilleri and Siber (1989)
627 from the Pisco Formation of Peru, actually shows all of the characteristics of
628 *Hemisyntachelus*. Accordingly, it appears that *Hemisyntachelus* had a wider
629 distribution, spanning at least the early to late Pliocene. Another Italian species,
630 previously assigned to *Tursiops*, was described as *Hemisyntachelus cortesii*
631 (Bianucci 1997). Bianucci (1996, 1997) noted that *Tursiops osennae*, which appears
632 closely related to modern *Tursiops*, showed intermediate features between the extant
633 species of *Tursiops* and *Hemisyntachelus*. However, there is uncertainty about the
634 exact phylogenetic position of *Hemisyntachelus* in Delphinidae (Bianucci 1996,
635 1997; Post and Bosselaers 2005).

636 A new genus and species of extinct Delphinidae, *Protoglobicephala mexicana*,
637 was described based on a cranium from Pliocene sediments of the Gulf of California,
638 Mexico (Aguirre-Fernández et al. 2009). A phylogenetic analysis placed this species
639 close to living *Globicephala*, in the Globicephalinae. However, the authors also noted
640 that the cranial proportions of *Protoglobicephala mexicana* resembled living
641 species of *Tursiops*. Furthermore, the phylogenetic analysis placed *Hemisyntachelus*
642 *cortesii* within a clade that includes *Orcinus*, *Feresa*, *Globicephala*, *Pseudorca*, and
643 *Grampus* as well as *Protoglobicephala mexicana* (Aguirre-Fernández et al. 2009).

644 In South America, Pliocene aquatic mammals are scarce (Cozzuol 1996), but
645 are reported from the Pliocene section of the Pisco Formation (Peru), which produced
646 Delphininae related to *Delphinus* and *Stenella* (Muizon and DeVries 1985; Cozzuol
647 1996; Pilleri and Siber 1989). Muizon and DeVries (1985) noted a similar occurrence
648 of *Stenella*- and *Delphinus*-like periotics in the Yorktown Formation (above), and

649 suggested that patterns of marine vertebrates from Peru and North Carolina might
650 indicate a late Miocene age, in part, for the Yorktown Formation. Microfossils have
651 been used, however, to date the Yorktown as partly early to partly late Pliocene (4.8–
652 3.1 Ma; e.g. Vélez-Juarbe et al. 2016). Muizon and DeVries (1985) suggested a free
653 exchange of cetaceans between the western Atlantic and southeastern Pacific via the
654 Caribbean during the late Miocene; current understanding of the Panama uplift,
655 above, might allow exchange also during the early Pliocene. Exchange implies that
656 the Central American Seaway and the Panamanian uplift indeed affected the
657 evolution of delphinines.

658 Miocene-Pliocene sediments from Southern Africa reveal little of dolphin
659 history. Along the Namaqualand coast, fossils include abundant fish and shark teeth,
660 and terrestrial mammals (Pickford and Senut 1997). The premiere fossil site of
661 Langebaanweg (Brumfitt et al. 2013) includes Pliocene odontocetes, not yet reported
662 in detail. Offshore fossil cetacean assemblages have so far revealed a high diversity of
663 ziphiids (Bianucci et al. 2007, 2008).

664 Relevant Australian fossils are mainly early Pliocene undescribed
665 Delphinidae-like taxa; the late Pliocene record is poorly known (Fitzgerald 2004).
666 Fossil dolphins from New Zealand (McKee and Fordyce 1987) include a *Delphinus*-
667 or *Stenella*-like mandible from the middle Pliocene, 3.6-3.0 Ma (McKee and Fordyce
668 1987) and a *Delphinus*- or *Stenella*-like periotic no older than late Miocene (Fordyce
669 and Campbell 1990).

670 Fossil Cetacea of Japan are abundant and diverse and the record extends from
671 Oligocene to the Holocene (Oishi and Hasegawa 1995). Among the fossil species
672 listed by Oishi and Hasegawa (1995) those related to Delphininae are: *Stenella*
673 *kabatensis* from late Miocene, '*Delphinus*' *rikuzenensis* from early Pliocene, *Stenella*

674 sp. from early Pleistocene, and several other undetermined Delphinidae/Delphininae-
675 related taxa. Cetacean fossils from Taiwan included a meager record of delphinids,
676 but no certain species of Delphininae (Tsai et al. 2013).

677 A recent study by Murakami et al. (2014b) used a morphological cladistic
678 analysis, enforcing molecular constraints from McGowen et al. (2009), to investigate
679 the phylogenetic position of modern and fossil delphinids including the Japanese late
680 Miocene *Stenella kabatensis*. The latter was placed in a new genus, *Eodelphinus* (see
681 Murakami et al. 2014a). The constrained phylogenetic tree recovered a Delphininae
682 clade, comprising mostly extant species, with *Tursiops aduncus* in a basal polytomy
683 with the fossil species *Stenella rayi*, *Tursiops osennae*, and *Etruridelphis giulli*, plus a
684 clade of other Delphininae. Murakami et al. (2014b) stated that *Stenella rayi*,
685 *Tursiops osennae*, and *Etruridelphis giulli* lie outside of Delphininae, but this is
686 questionable as *Tursiops aduncus* is a delphinine in the sense of McGowen et al.
687 (2009), and other extant delphinines plot basal to the polytomy involving *Tursiops*
688 *aduncus*. The age is not clear for *Eodelphinus kabatensis*: Murakami et al. (2014b:
689 fig. 1) cited about 9.2 Ma, but also stated a minimum of 7.6 Ma, and also indicated a
690 range of 8.5-13.0 Ma (Murakami et al. 2014b:493) at the base of crown Delphinidae.
691 The youngest of the latter ages, 7.6 Ma, implies an older origin for the crown group
692 than discussed elsewhere in this paper. Paleobiogeographical analyses conducted by
693 Murakami et al. (2014b) revealed uncertainty for delphinid origins. Another study by
694 Murakami et al. (2015), also focusing on Delphinoidea, included an unconstrained
695 morphological cladistic analysis. Results did not show clear division into
696 Globicephalinae and Delphininae. The extant *Cephalorhynchus hectori* and *Orcaella*
697 *brevirostris* are at the base of crown Delphinidae, while two fossil delphinids
698 (*Eodelphinus kabatensis* and *Hemisyntrachelus cortesii*) are more-crownward, but

699 distant from *Delphinus*.

700 There are few Pleistocene records of Delphininae in South America that
701 represent living species or close relatives. Late Pleistocene to Holocene remains of
702 *Tursiops* and a specimen related to *Delphinus* or *Stenella* are known from Buenos
703 Aires province (Cozzul 1996). Late Pleistocene assemblages were also deposited in
704 the southern North Sea, including normally high latitude cetaceans such as beluga and
705 gray whale (Post 2005). However, fossils from *Tursiops* and *Delphinus* did not occur
706 in this late Pleistocene fauna, but instead represent faunas probably deposited during
707 the warmer early Holocene (Post 2005).

708

709 **Biogeographic history**

710

711 The biogeographical history of the Delphininae likely involves a mosaic of
712 vicariant and dispersal events associated with soft and hard barriers, all influenced by
713 geological, oceanic and climatic reorganization. We next consider the fossil record,
714 events recovered by biogeographical analysis based on the McGowen et al. (2009)
715 phylogeny, and estimated divergence dates among lineages, to suggest a
716 biogeographic scenario for the evolution of Delphininae.

717 The fossil record is consistent with basal species of Delphininae being
718 widespread in the still-warm early Pliocene oceans (McGowen et al. 2009; Hassanin
719 et al. 2012; Banguera-Hinestroza et al. 2014). When the Central American Seaway
720 became increasingly restricted during the late Miocene-early Pliocene, leading to the
721 isolation of the tropical Atlantic, vicariance may have given rise to some extant
722 lineages of Delphininae now recognized as distinct genera, for example, *Sotalia*. This
723 may be reflected in the oldest delphinine fossils dating to approximately 4 Ma
724 (Bianucci 2013).

725 We suggest that, from about 3 Ma, tropical connections between the Atlantic
726 and Indo-Pacific oceans became restricted to the South African gateway because of
727 tectonic closures, cooling, and increased fluctuations in sea level (Fig. 1b).
728 Cyclically-warmer temperatures and higher sea levels might have repeatedly opened
729 the gateway. Conversely, blocked connections during cool times of lowered sea level
730 - whether the southern African gateway or other(s) - might explain the allopatric
731 origins of extant delphinine species. Indeed, the fragmentation of shelf ecospace
732 during glacial-interglacial cycles may have lead to isolated local niches occupied by
733 short-duration specialized eco/morphotypes, allowing the early Pleistocene
734 divergences proposed (Fig. 1a) for *Delphinus*, *Tursiops*, and *Stenella*.

735 **General considerations**

736 In most studies, historical, ecological, geographical, and phylogenetic aspects of
737 the delphinine diversification are treated separately. Here, we consider these aspects
738 simultaneously in order to understand the processes involved in Delphininae evolution.

739 Marine ecosystems are dynamic and fluid on both temporal and spatial scales
740 and it is likely that cetaceans have responded to such variability by changing their
741 distributional patterns (Redfern et al. 2006). For these top marine predators, several
742 physiographic features (e.g., depth and SST) are considered predictors of cetacean
743 distribution, mainly because they influence the aggregation of prey species (e.g.,
744 Baumgartner et al. 2001; Cañadas et al. 2002).

745 Recent data suggest that delphinine dolphins are the cetacean guild most
746 dependent on phytoplankton groups that are dominant in the tropics (Manocci et al.
747 2015). Food chains based on large phytoplankton lead to high fish abundances, typically
748 supporting such top predators as delphinines (Parsons and Lalli 2002; Manocci et al.
749 2015). Indeed, geological patterns of fossil phytoplankton have been linked to patterns

750 of cetacean evolution and extinction (e.g., Marx and Fordyce 2015). The fossil record of
751 Southern Ocean diatoms (Fig. 1b, upper) shows part of a 15 Ma pattern of diatom
752 evolutionary turnover in response to changes in circulation and climate (Crampton et al.
753 2016). Note that diatom pulses D and E of Crampton et al. (2016) closely parallel the
754 late Pliocene and early Pleistocene divergences leading to extant species of Delphininae.

755 Ecological niches are thought to show considerable conservatism over
756 evolutionary time periods (Peterson 2011). Therefore, barriers considered soft for
757 delphinine species, such as the Benguela Upwelling System, the Gulf Stream, the
758 Agulhas Current, and the Indonesian through-flow are most likely to be hard barriers to
759 phytoplankton assemblages and, thus, affecting them directly and impacting biology
760 productivity and food chain. On the other hand, physical barriers such as Central
761 American Seaway Closure and marine regressions/transgressions may have affected
762 delphinine directly, leading to allopatric speciation.

763 The biogeographical scenario proposed here will be tested with new
764 phylogenies, taxonomic refinement of widespread taxa, improved estimates of
765 divergence times for delphinine lineages, and perhaps new fossils. Future efforts might
766 concentrate on creating new, more comprehensive phylogenies based on both
767 morphological and molecular evidence, as well as a review of delphinine taxonomy.
768 More generally, our study demonstrates the potential for distributional and ecological
769 data to be integrated with phylogenetic data, and invites a (re-)analysis of the
770 biogeography of other marine mammal clades.

771 **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

772

773 We would especially like thank Dr. Augusto Ferrari and Dr. Salvatore Siciliano for
774 commenting of early drafts of this paper. We thank Dr. Giovanni Bianucci
775 (Dipartimento di Scienze della Terra, Università di Pisa, Italy) and an anonymous

776 reviewer for their constructive comments that improved the manuscript. This research is
777 part of the K. Amaral M.Sc. study at the Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Sul at
778 Programa de Pós-Graduação em Biologia Animal. K. Amaral received a Master Degree
779 scholarship from Conselho Nacional de Desenvolvimento Científico e Tecnológico
780 (CNPq) (process 131062/2012-3). Funding was provided by Conselho Nacional de
781 Desenvolvimento Científico e Tecnológico (CNPq) and Marinha do Brasil, Brazil
782 (through the Project “A fauna de odontocetos no Brasil: subsídios para conservação”
783 (process 557182/2009-3 and 404558/2012-7). We also thanks colleagues and professors
784 of the LABSMAR, Departamento de Zoologia/UFRGS and CECLIMAR/IB/UFRGS.
785 This is a contribution of the Research Group “Evolução e Biodiversidade de
786 Cetáceos/CNPq”.

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1434 **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**1435 **Historical biogeography of Delphininae dolphins and related taxa**1436 **(Artiodactyla: Delphinidae)***

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1438 Karina Bohrer do Amaral ¹1439 Ana Rita Amaral ^{2,3}1440 R. Ewan Fordyce ^{4,5}1441 Ignacio Benites Moreno ^{1,6}

1442

1443 ¹ Laboratório de Sistemática e Ecologia de Aves e Mamíferos Marinhos
1444 (LABSMAR), Programa de Pós Graduação em Biologia Animal, Departamento de
1445 Zoologia, Instituto de Biociências, Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Sul –
1446 Avenida Bento Gonçalves, 9500, Bloco IV, Prédio 43435, sala 206, Porto Alegre,
1447 Rio Grande do Sul, 91501-70, Brazil.

1448

1449 ² Centre for Ecology, Evolution and Environmental Changes, Faculdade de Ciências
1450 Universidade de Lisboa, Campo Grande, 1749-016, Lisboa, Portugal.

1451

1452 ³ Sackler Institute for Comparative Genomics, American Museum of Natural History,
1453 79th Street and Central Park West, New York, NY 10024, United States of America.

1454

1455 ⁴ Department of Geology, University of Otago, Dunedin 9054, New Zealand.

1456

1457 ⁵ Departments of Paleobiology and Vertebrate Zoology, National Museum of Natural
1458 History, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, DC 20013, United States of America.

1459

1460 ⁶ Centro de Estudos Costeiros, Limnológicos e Marinhos (CECLIMAR), Instituto de
1461 Biociências, Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Sul – Avenida Tramandaí, 976,
1462 Imbé, Rio Grande do Sul, 95625-000, Brazil.

1463 Corresponding author:

1464 Karina Bohrer do Amaral

1465 E-mail: karinabohererdoamaral@gmail.com

1466 *do Amaral, K.B., Amaral, A.R., Ewan Fordyce, R. *et al.* Historical Biogeography
1467 of Delphininae Dolphins and Related Taxa (Artiodactyla: Delphinidae). *J Mammal*
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1469 **Table 1.** Records of *Delphinus* spp.

1470

Species	Longitude	Latitude	Reference
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-20.97	38.63	Bearzi 2000
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	14.5	44.58	Bearzi et al. 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.81	-34.36	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-15.91	45.83	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-13.8	48.85	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-12.8	48.96	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-13.25	49.05	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-8.96	50.8	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-8.58	50.93	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-15.61	51.05	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-15.63	51.05	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-10.53	52.08	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-9.93	52.56	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-10.15	52.75	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-11.28	53.01	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-9	39	Breese and Tershy 1993
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-114	30	Cañadas et al. 2002
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-73.76	-33.23	Cárdenas et al. 1991
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-71.36	-29.5	Cárdenas et al. 1991
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-75.5	-27.26	Cárdenas et al. 1991
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-70.22	-22.1	Cárdenas et al. 1991
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-8.96	51.52	Cárdenas et al. 1991
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-90.68	-0.76	Cockcroft 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-20	50	Das et al. 2000
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-1.95	4.8	Denkinger et al. 2013
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-52.17	-32.19	Di Benedetto and Ramos 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	49.37	12.25	Eyre 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	174.3	-41.08	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	173.29	-41.04	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	174.09	-41.01	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	174.32	-35.16	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-117.27	32.85	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-118.52	32.89	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-117.86	33.57	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-119.68	34.41	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-5.34	36.1	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-2.42	36.76	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	8	42	Forcada et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-43.36	-23.01	Geise and Borobia 1987
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-76.79	-12.46	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	13.7	-11.52	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	9.21	-1.9	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	8.91	4.12	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-4.92	5.03	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-10.09	5.87	Jefferson et al. 1997

<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-12.96	8.02	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-13.48	9.35	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-17.33	14.58	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-23.53	15.16	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-16.33	18.15	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-15.5	24.2	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-16.65	28.44	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-9.01	32.79	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-16.99	32.82	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-60	44	Lucas and Hooker 1997
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	150	40	Ohizumi et al. 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-80.82	-33.78	Peddemors 1999
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	29.41	-31.73	Peddemors 1999
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-84.03	7.4	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-83.9	7.53	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-90.83	7.75	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-87.9	8.13	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-83.25	8.23	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-84	8.41	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-84.53	8.66	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-84.16	9	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-84.76	9.3	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-83.38	26.89	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-75.4	35.49	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-76.21	37.19	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-75.01	37.3	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-74.46	37.45	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-74.73	37.73	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-74.86	37.78	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-74.65	37.95	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-73.76	38.18	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-73.73	38.23	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-73.28	38.58	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-73.23	38.63	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-73.08	38.8	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-73.01	38.9	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-72.88	38.93	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-73.58	39	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-72.73	39.33	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-71.9	39.65	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-74	39.86	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-73.55	40.18	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-74.03	40.55	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	41.62	41.63	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-70.91	42.38	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-63.71	42.96	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.41	43.53	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-63.68	44.38	Perrin 1994

<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	34.16	44.47	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	37.78	44.71	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-27.85	46.91	Perrin 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	173.6	-34.96	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-120.13	31	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-120.13	31.21	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-123.15	35.36	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-124.98	35.65	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-122.66	35.7	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-124.76	36.3	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-126.11	36.98	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-125.71	37.13	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-127.9	37.16	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-127.7	37.68	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-126.21	38.58	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-2.01	47	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	31.04	-29.86	Read et al. 1988
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-77.08	-12.11	Read et al. 1988
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-77.18	-11.72	Read et al. 1988
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-78.59	-9.08	Read et al. 1988
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-79.57	-7.39	Read et al. 1988
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	151.71	-33.44	Robineau and Vely 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-16.15	18.03	Robineau and Vely 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.51	10.21	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	64.63	10.26	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.36	10.36	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.46	10.4	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.43	10.41	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.21	10.45	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.36	10.45	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.16	10.48	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.16	10.5	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-66.05	10.58	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-66.56	10.63	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.33	10.66	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-63.15	10.73	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-63.63	10.9	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.1	10.9	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-65.08	10.9	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-65.15	10.91	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.1	10.91	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-63.81	10.96	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.16	10.96	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.1	11	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.4	11.03	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-64.2	11.05	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-63.98	11.08	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	19.96	-35	Sekiguchi et al. 1992

<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	19.51	-34.9	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	20.48	-34.81	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	19.18	-34.8	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	19.61	-34.75	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	19.06	-34.73	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	20.25	-34.68	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.98	-34.65	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	20.55	-34.63	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	24.63	-34.63	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	19.08	-34.58	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	19.25	-34.58	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	20.41	-34.55	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	20.5	-34.46	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	20.96	-34.46	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	19.31	-34.45	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.48	-34.45	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	21.56	-34.45	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	19.23	-34.43	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.45	-34.33	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.46	-34.31	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.4	-34.3	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	24.88	-34.25	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.38	-34.23	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.31	-34.23	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.3	-34.2	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.43	-34.18	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.43	-34.15	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.86	-34.15	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.33	-34.13	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.43	-34.13	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.46	-34.11	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	22.51	-34.11	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.83	-34.11	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.51	-34.1	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.46	-34.1	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.56	-34.08	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	25.13	-34	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.4	-33.91	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	25.93	-33.83	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.43	-33.68	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.41	-33.66	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	11.45	-17.71	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-80.86	-5.73	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-67.38	41.21	Selzer and Payne 1988
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-47.91	-25.01	Siciliano 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-43.25	-22.93	Siciliano 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-3.23	48.78	Silber et al. 1994
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-49.71	-29.32	Silva 1999

<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.49	-27.71	Simões-Lopes and Ximenez 1993
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.42	-27.57	Simões-Lopes and Ximenez 1993
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.37	-27.46	Simões-Lopes and Ximenez 1993
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.38	-27.43	Simões-Lopes and Ximenez 1993
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.64	-26.89	Simões-Lopes and Ximenez 1993
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.6	-26.78	Simões-Lopes and Ximenez 1993
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	174.81	-36.85	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	175.1	-36.65	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	174.81	-36.61	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	174.95	-36.58	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	175.05	-36.51	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	175.03	-36.43	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	175.16	-36.21	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	175.2	-36.21	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	174.71	-35.51	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	174.33	-35.11	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	173.95	-34.96	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-3.98	5.21	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-62	-42.33	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-51.21	-35.03	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-51.88	-34.54	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	52.1	-34.51	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-52.01	-34.48	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-51.88	-34.4	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-53.77	-34.4	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-51.54	-34.23	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-51.38	-34.2	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-51.6	-34.17	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-51.3	-34.16	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-51.62	-33.85	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-51.3	-33.83	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.78	-33.68	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-51.9	-33.56	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.96	-33.53	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.71	-33.49	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-51.29	-33.48	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.82	-33.41	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.71	-33.35	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-49.99	-33.09	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-49.81	-32.9	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-52.44	-32.71	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.15	-32.48	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.12	-32.32	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.08	-32.18	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-52.1	-32.15	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.14	-32.08	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.08	-32.06	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-49.67	-31.35	Tavares et al. 2010

<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.96	-31.3	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.86	-31.21	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-49.55	-31.19	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-49.86	-31.16	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.71	-31.02	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-49.18	-30.93	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.63	-30.92	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.78	-30.91	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.57	-30.83	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-49.2	-30.68	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.95	-30.65	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.36	-30.62	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.56	-30.61	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.16	-30.48	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.3	-30.4	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.22	-30.22	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.67	-30.19	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.19	-30.15	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-50.11	-29.96	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-49.99	-29.72	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.93	-29.36	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-47.63	-29.34	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-47.75	-29.2	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.5	-27.71	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.42	-27.58	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.37	-27.45	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.41	-27.42	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.65	-26.9	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.62	-26.79	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.68	-26.6	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.66	-26.56	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.57	-26.43	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.54	-26.31	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.53	-26.17	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.61	-26.11	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.38	-25.58	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.38	-25.58	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.3	-25.54	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.18	-25.39	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.17	-25.38	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.19	-25.38	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.02	-25.23	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-48.02	-25.23	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-47.91	-25.1	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-47.96	-25.04	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-47.72	-24.86	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-47.72	-24.86	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-47	-24.31	Tavares et al. 2010

<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-46.81	-24.19	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-46.31	-24.12	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-45.64	-24.06	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-46.42	-24.01	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-44.73	-23.5	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-44.5	-23.3	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-44.16	-23.21	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-44.35	-23.16	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-44.14	-23.14	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-44.15	-23.13	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-43.78	-23.06	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-42	-23.03	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-42.01	-23.02	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-43.41	-23.01	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-43.29	-23.01	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-42	-23.01	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-42.01	-23	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-42.02	-22.99	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-42.02	-22.99	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-43.18	-22.97	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-42.03	-22.96	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-42.78	-22.96	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-42.3	-22.94	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-42.49	-22.93	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-42.49	-22.93	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-42.02	-22.89	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-42.72	-22.86	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-41.99	-22.83	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-41.6	-22.78	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-41.67	-22.73	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-41.2	-22.72	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-41.52	-22.22	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-46.26	-22.18	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-41.05	-22.03	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-43.67	-1.74	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-43.8	-1.73	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-47.53	-0.61	Tavares et al. 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-5.64	35.93	Van Waerebeek et al. 1998
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	175.18	-36.68	Van Waerebeek et al. 2009
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	18.34	-33.96	Van Waerebeek et al. 2009
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	14.49	-22.94	Van Waerebeek et al. 2009
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	11.29	-18	Van Waerebeek et al. 2009
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	10.64	-3.42	Van Waerebeek et al. 2009
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-2.22	4.85	Van Waerebeek et al. 2009
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	-5.49	-22.67	Weir 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	11.7	-11.8	Weir 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	13.25	-10.83	Weir 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	13.75	-10.72	Weir 2010

<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	11.83	-4.77	Weir 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	9.08	-1.83	Weir 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	8.82	-0.74	Weir 2010
<i>Delphinus sp.</i>	2.35	6.16	Weir 2010

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1473 **Table 2.** Records of *Lagenodelphis hosei*.

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Species	Longitude	Latitude	Reference
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	127.66	26.22	Amano et al. 1996
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	135.93	33.6	Amano et al. 1996
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-16.65	28.44	Anderson et al. 1999
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-41.84	22.5	Azevedo et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-7.43	57.24	Bones et al. 1998
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-45.36	16.15	Caldwell et al. 1976
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	8.62	-0.26	Denkinger et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-40.98	21.58	Di Benedetto and Ramos 2001
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	118.53	7.76	Dolar et al. 1997
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	123.03	9.04	Dolar et al. 1999
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-90.68	-0.76	Dolar et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-1.94	4.79	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-2.24	4.86	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-68.11	10.48	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-60	12	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-68.27	12.15	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-61.23	13.17	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-61	14.3	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-61.25	14.76	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-61	15.21	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-61	15.61	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-61.3	15.88	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-60.9	16.23	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-62	16.45	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-24.31	16.58	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-66.06	17.96	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-66.1	17.96	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-82.1	24.84	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-96.2	25.48	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-77.33	25.92	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-77.46	25.97	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-91.97	25.99	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-82.88	26.4	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-91.02	26.46	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-93.06	26.78	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-82.57	27.32	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-97.28	27.43	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-94.41	27.63	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-90.4	27.89	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-82.8	28.08	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-86.24	29.2	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-16.84	32.63	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-16.16	32.65	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	126.83	33.31	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-76.05	34.97	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013

<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-74.6	35.56	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-73.51	36.01	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-28.18	38.31	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-28.33	38.38	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-28.04	38.59	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-3.2	47.7	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-4.1	47.9	Gomes-Pereira et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	153.02	-31.63	Hersh and Odell 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	153.25	-25.25	Hersh and Odell 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-171.23	-4.45	Hersh and Odell 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-82.1	24.58	Hersh and Odell 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	120.89	8.51	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-2.25	4.86	Kim et al. 2013
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	144.33	-38.16	McColl and Obendorf 1982
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-66.75	17.96	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 1999
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-66.36	17.97	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 1999
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	165	0	Miyazaki and Wada 1978
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	142.06	1.55	Miyazaki and Wada 1978
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	164.88	1.71	Miyazaki and Wada 1978
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	141.91	3	Miyazaki and Wada 1978
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	122.36	5	Miyazaki and Wada 1978
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	120.28	22.61	Miyazaki and Wada 1978
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	138.45	23.25	Miyazaki and Wada 1978
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	140.1	35.1	Miyazaki and Wada 1978
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-65	-42.9	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-57.51	-35.06	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-55.26	-34.86	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-54.61	-34.81	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-57.96	-34.81	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-55.85	-34.8	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-56.35	-34.78	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-57.25	-34.43	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-57.43	-34.43	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-52.63	-33.11	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-51.86	-31.93	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-51.7	-31.83	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-51.05	-31.37	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-51.04	-31.35	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-50.94	-31.28	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-50.82	-31.17	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-50.74	-31.07	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-50.71	-31.03	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-50.66	-30.96	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-50.66	-30.95	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-50.2	-30.16	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-46.26	-24	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-42.01	-22.95	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-42.31	-22.93	Moreno et al. 2003

<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-43.16	-22.85	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-38.61	-3.68	Moreno et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	30.96	-30.78	Perrin 1973
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	153.16	-30.16	Perrin 1973
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	32.33	-30.15	Perrin 1973
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	32.2	-29.55	Perrin 1973
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-95.75	5	Perrin 1973
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-122.36	5	Perrin 1973
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	144.77	-38.6	Perrin et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	18.34	-33.96	Perrin et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	31.04	-29.86	Perrin et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	148.46	-19.71	Perrin et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	123.41	-8.58	Perrin et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	128.15	-3.68	Perrin et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	142.06	1.58	Perrin et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	124.36	9.59	Perrin et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	123.19	9.63	Perrin et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	130.29	30.77	Perrin et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	135.94	33.59	Perrin et al. 2003
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	73.51	4.16	Sekiguichi et al. 1992
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-16.76	13.83	Torda et al. 2010
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-22.78	15.98	Torda et al. 2010
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	27.65	-33.76	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	26.66	-33.66	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	28.5	-32.5	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	31.45	-31.21	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	31.63	-30.58	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	31.65	-30.28	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	32.1	-30.08	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	32.66	-27.5	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-96.98	0.51	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	142.06	1.55	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	119	2	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-95.75	5	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-122.35	5.65	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	124.5	10.5	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-61.2	13.25	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	153	25	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-3.23	48.78	Van Bree et al. 1986
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-16.6	27.8	Van Waerebeek et al. 2009
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-61.27	13.23	Watkins et al. 1994
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-61.5	15.21	Watkins et al. 1994
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-61.5	15.61	Watkins et al. 1994
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-11.68	-7.66	Weir 2010
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	11.34	-7.63	Weir 2010
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	6.78	3.16	Weir 2010
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-1.95	4.8	Weir 2010
<i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i>	-24.46	16.55	Weir et al. 2013

1475 **Table 3.** Records of *Sotalia fluviatilis*.

Species	Longitude	Latitude	Reference
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-65.53	3.16	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-66.25	7.16	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-64.4	8.06	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-62.6	8.36	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-60.9	8.6	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-61.55	8.83	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-72.28	9.06	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-71.75	9.25	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-71.83	9.5	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-71.91	9.5	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-72	9.5	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-71.66	10	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-62.63	10.1	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-62.88	10.4	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-64.16	10.45	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-71.58	10.58	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-69.58	11.46	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	-71.66	11.66	Romero et al. 2001

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1478 **Table 4.** Records of *Sotalia guianensis*.

Species	Longitude	Latitude	Reference
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-48.56	-27.59	Geise and Borobia 1987
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-48.64	-27.49	Geise and Borobia 1987
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-48.53	-27.44	Geise and Borobia 1987
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-48.46	-27.42	Geise and Borobia 1987
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-48.67	-26.63	Geise and Borobia 1987
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-34.79	-7.17	Lucena et al. 1998
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-34.93	-6.77	Lucena et al. 1998
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-35	-6.37	Lucena et al. 1998
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-47.46	-0.5	Lucena et al. 1998
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-48.51	-27.43	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-48.5	-25.51	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-47.91	-25.01	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-47.25	-24.33	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-46.33	-23.95	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-44.03	-22.96	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-43.25	-22.93	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-43.06	-22.93	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-42.81	-22.91	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-41.01	-21.37	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-40.28	-20.21	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-39.81	-19.38	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-39.73	-18.59	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-39.85	-18.42	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-40.7	-18.41	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-39.36	-17.88	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-39.21	-17.33	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-39.25	-17.33	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-38.58	-17.33	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-38.91	-13.66	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-38.58	-12.91	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-38.65	-12.9	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-37.05	-10.99	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-37.04	-10.91	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-36.85	-10.73	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-36.29	-10.35	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-35.71	-9.66	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-34.9	-8.05	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-34.8	-7.11	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-35.11	-6.83	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-38.54	-3.71	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-38.72	-3.62	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-38.9	-3.5	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-39.03	-3.41	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-40.51	-2.8	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-42.74	-2.56	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-44	-2.51	Siciliano 1994

<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-44.41	-2.4	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-48.5	-1	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-47.35	-0.61	Siciliano 1994
<i>Sotalia guianensis</i>	-48.56	-27.55	Simões-Lopes and Ximenez 1993

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1481 **Table 5.** Records of *Sousa chinensis*.

Species	Longitude	Latitude	Reference
<i>Sousa chinensis</i>	108.79	-0.3	Dolar et al. 1997
<i>Sousa chinensis</i>	104.11	1.22	Jefferson and Van Waerebeck 2004
<i>Sousa chinensis</i>	100.44	13.08	Jefferson and Van Waerebeck 2004
<i>Sousa chinensis</i>	109.31	14	Jefferson and Van Waerebeck 2004
<i>Sousa chinensis</i>	114.07	22.34	Jefferson and Van Waerebeck 2004

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1484 **Table 6.** Records of *Stenella attenuata*.

Species	Longitude	Latitude	Reference
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-31.86	-20.55	Amaral et al. 2015
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	72.9	6.53	Anderson et al. 1999
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	156.7	20.7	Baird et al. 2001
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-81.85	7.25	Borrell et al. 2004
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-81.96	7.41	Borrell et al. 2004
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-81.91	7.5	Borrell et al. 2004
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-81.91	7.53	Borrell et al. 2004
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-82.01	7.58	Borrell et al. 2004
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-81.78	7.88	Borrell et al. 2004
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-47.83	-25.54	Cremer and Simões-Lopes 1997
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-90.68	-0.76	Denkinger et al. 2013
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	30.96	-30.78	Dolar et al. 1997
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-122.36	5	Dolar et al. 1997
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	91.09	-12.33	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	38.51	20.93	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	37.54	22.53	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	174.98	-40.88	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	42.65	-35.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	180	-35	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	22	-35	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	57.12	-34.1	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	57.47	-34	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	30.47	-32.57	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	66.9	-32.52	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	66.57	-32.08	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	51	-32	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	30.23	-31.45	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	31.85	-31.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	52.05	-31.08	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	58.83	-31.07	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	40.15	-30.98	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	153.15	-30.27	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	31.45	-30.07	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	31.13	-30.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	31.12	-30.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	31.72	-28.98	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	32.43	-28.4	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	55.42	-21.7	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	50.8	-20.72	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	168	-16	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	172.7	-15.37	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	125	-15	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	45	-15	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	123.42	-14.42	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	170.13	-14.07	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	126.52	-12.33	Gilpatrick 1987

<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	51.03	-9.23	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	161	-9	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	123.2	-8.43	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	160	-8.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	160	-8.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	123	-8.25	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	125.17	-8.17	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	160.07	-8.15	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	161.5	-8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	162.65	-7.87	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	52.83	-7.83	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-169.97	-7.32	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	53.75	-7	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	159.58	-6.62	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	159.25	-6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	126	-6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	147.32	-5.35	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	156.03	-5.02	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	146.48	-4.93	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	147	-4.72	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	146.7	-4.55	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	152.42	-4.47	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	152.42	-4.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	155.85	-4.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	55.75	-4.25	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	146.45	-4.22	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	146.72	-3.87	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	125.72	-3.8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	155.07	-3.8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	153.73	-3.42	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	40.13	-3.25	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	153.52	-3.1	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	145.25	-3.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	148.13	-3	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	148.68	-2.97	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	172.97	-2.8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-174.22	-2.78	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	154.6	-2.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	151.57	-2.43	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	159.82	-2.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	151.17	-2.15	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	145.92	-2.12	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	144.83	-2.08	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	151.75	-2.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	162.42	-2	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	151.27	-2	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	144.32	-1.95	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	143.88	-1.83	Gilpatrick 1987

<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	151.88	-1.82	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	140.68	-1.53	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	147.2	-1.43	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	151.38	-1.32	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	144.32	-1.28	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	174.2	-1.27	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	157.82	-1.15	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	153.5	-1.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	154.52	-1.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	168.2	-1	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	139.38	-0.57	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	144.07	-0.52	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	152.18	-0.47	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	152.08	-0.42	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	150.83	-0.25	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	143.87	0	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	140.45	0.03	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	172.18	0.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	135.15	0.47	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	139.18	0.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	137.73	0.62	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	147.5	1	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	171.32	1.25	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	145.47	1.3	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	144.2	1.42	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	105	1.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	161.43	1.9	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	102.5	2	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	156.4	2.22	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	152.18	2.73	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	149.4	2.93	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	149.4	2.98	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-164.5	3	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	104	3	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	58	3	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	140.63	3.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	72.5	3.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	82	3.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	166.05	3.53	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	174	4	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	73.47	4	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	144.95	4.1	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	144.63	4.43	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	149.9	4.45	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	167	4.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	55.5	4.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	149.9	4.8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	138.58	4.87	Gilpatrick 1987

<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	179.2	4.92	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	172.08	4.98	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	131.18	5.02	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	163.22	5.17	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	131.08	5.17	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	131.05	5.23	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	80.55	5.55	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	77	6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	80.5	6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	79.83	6.12	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	150.73	6.18	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	142.17	6.22	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	159.07	6.32	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	79.67	6.35	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	76.5	6.92	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	79.48	6.93	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	79.72	6.97	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	170.83	7	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	101	7.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	79.75	8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	79.75	8.02	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	79.72	8.02	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	75.57	8.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	82.13	8.13	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	160.75	8.42	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	81.42	8.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	81.5	8.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	81.65	8.57	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	81.42	8.58	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	81.5	8.63	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	81.33	8.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	81.22	8.9	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	81	9	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	81.2	9.17	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	81.12	9.17	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	80.98	9.4	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	80.97	9.45	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	81.13	9.6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	81	9.63	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	100	10	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	75.57	10.2	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-166.58	10.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	124	10.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	147.8	10.58	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	43.18	11.58	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	162	12	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	100	12	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	44.55	12.4	Gilpatrick 1987

<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-174	13	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	84.25	13.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	89.5	14	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	92.5	14.25	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	89	14.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	138.47	14.83	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	149.62	20.65	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-160.42	21.63	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	90	22	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	118	22.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	118	22.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	59.5	22.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	151.7	23.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	151.58	23.58	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-166.67	24.02	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	149.15	24.08	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	57	24.13	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	142.72	25.37	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	142	25.53	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	143.63	25.92	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	34.25	26.07	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	127.77	26.23	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	127.5	26.58	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	124.83	26.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	127.5	26.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	143.12	26.68	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	127.75	26.75	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	127.67	26.83	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	127.58	26.92	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	129.37	27.17	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	158.33	27.42	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	130.57	31.15	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	134.6	31.47	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	161.67	31.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	162.7	31.53	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	131.68	31.8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	162.3	31.9	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	162.3	31.98	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	135.02	32.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	134.07	32.63	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	129.83	32.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	129.1	33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	128.5	33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	137.87	33.32	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	135.93	33.6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	136.27	33.63	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	138	34	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	136.32	34.18	Gilpatrick 1987

<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	139.1	34.87	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	139.13	34.95	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	139.13	34.95	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	138.4	34.98	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	146.7	35.03	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	147.33	36.02	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	144.77	36.42	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	148.77	36.62	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	140.92	37	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	143.83	37.63	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	143.42	37.72	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	142	39.17	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	141.97	39.23	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	173	40.75	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-97.29	27.39	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-97.46	27.83	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-94.92	29.2	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-4.92	5.03	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-0.35	5.45	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	135.94	33.59	Kasuya 1976
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	139.13	34.9	Kasuya 1976
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	139.14	34.93	Kasuya 1976
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-35.17	-5.87	Lucena et al. 1998
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-79.96	10.08	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-75.77	10.18	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-64.5	10.33	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-64.56	10.36	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-60.66	10.65	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-65.12	10.66	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-64.04	10.99	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-60.63	11.19	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-74.08	11.33	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-78.08	11.83	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-68.66	12.01	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-68.86	12.05	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.83	12.08	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-69	12.13	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-74.26	13.2	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.27	13.24	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.11	13.85	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.21	13.91	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.15	13.93	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.08	14.43	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.16	14.5	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.25	14.63	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.14	14.64	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.25	14.66	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.26	14.76	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003

<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.21	14.78	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.01	14.98	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61	15	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.4	15.2	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.39	15.29	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.43	15.31	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.45	15.31	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.42	15.35	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.49	15.38	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.5	15.41	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-79.28	15.41	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.51	15.45	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.53	15.46	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.48	15.49	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.5	15.5	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.56	15.5	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.56	15.51	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.5	15.51	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.51	15.52	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.5	15.53	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.5	15.54	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.52	15.54	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.58	15.55	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.5	15.56	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.5	15.56	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.5	15.57	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.51	15.58	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.5	15.6	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.5	15.62	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.62	15.62	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.5	15.63	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.5	15.63	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.51	15.64	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.82	16.05	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.81	16.08	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.15	16.31	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-82.63	16.33	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-85.33	17.35	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-71.45	17.38	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-86.36	17.53	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-67.01	17.63	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-74.13	17.7	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-74.63	17.76	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-74.55	17.76	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-66.71	17.87	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-67.42	18.01	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-74.7	18.71	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-65.46	19.24	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003

<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-81.86	20.11	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-84.33	23	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-71.23	24.16	Mignucci-Giannoni et al. 2003
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-39.76	-21.83	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-39.58	-19.98	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-35.25	-19.47	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-36.93	-17.21	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-37.53	-16.55	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-38.31	-16.45	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-38.06	-15.68	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-35.18	-9.68	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.1	-8.76	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.53	-8.63	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.33	-8.4	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.31	-8.295	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.19	-8.183	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.26	-8.11	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.38	-8.05	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.91	-7.45	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34	-7.2	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.61	-7.18	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.73	-7.11	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.01	-7	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.05	-6.9	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.36	-6.76	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.51	-6.66	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.18	-6.51	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.21	-6.43	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.58	-6.36	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.75	-6.28	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.55	-6.26	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.76	-6.25	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.16	-6.18	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.55	-6.13	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.2	-5.98	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.13	-5.95	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.6	-5.83	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.42	-5.75	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.3	-5.6	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.81	-5.51	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.98	-5.5	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.18	-5.43	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.88	-5.41	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-34.06	-5.41	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33.57	-5.11	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-36.66	-4.1	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-32.41	-3.83	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	29.41	-31.73	Peddemors 1999

<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	32.56	-28.12	Peddemors 1999
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	86	2.5	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	103	7	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	90.53	7.18	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	100.83	7.78	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	90.53	7.83	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	107	8	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	106.88	8.16	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	92	9	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	114	9	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	110.73	9.33	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	129.3	9.46	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	133.41	9.78	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	89.78	9.83	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	135	10	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	118	10	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	124	10	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	92.86	10.51	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	102.03	10.6	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	125	11	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	128	11	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	136	12	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	93.3	12.85	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	88	13.5	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	107	18	Perrin 1975
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-78.83	8.1	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-78.83	8.11	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-78.83	8.13	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-78.78	8.21	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-78.75	8.33	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	60	-28.33	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	49.11	-19.7	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-5.72	-15.92	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-83.28	-12.2	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	44.39	-12.16	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	160.73	-9.58	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	51.02	-9.22	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-91.55	-9.2	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-90.57	-9.13	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-84.47	-9.05	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-90.78	-8.88	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-89.35	-8.8	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	52.73	-7.01	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	85.77	-6.03	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	53.33	-4.81	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	55.53	-4.66	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-32.39	-3.84	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-98.75	-2.88	Perrin et al. 1987

<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	9.21	-1.9	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-29	2.73	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-119.33	2.92	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-105.25	4.67	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-107.75	4.92	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-129.67	5.9	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-24.58	6.77	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-132.95	7.3	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-130.97	7.5	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-98.53	8.22	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-135.33	8.22	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-132.33	8.25	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-140.77	8.27	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-138.55	8.28	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-138.17	8.3	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-140.8	8.48	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-105.33	8.7	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-102.08	8.95	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-33	9	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-101.95	9	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-109.73	9.45	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-106.28	9.65	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-47	11	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	42.71	11.57	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-132.43	11.73	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.75	12.12	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.45	13.2	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.23	13.33	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61	14.18	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-23.53	15.16	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-98.87	16.27	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-103.83	18.3	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-74.7	18.72	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-74.83	18.87	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-84.48	20.1	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-84.58	20.23	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	38.45	20.28	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	106.53	20.43	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-84.47	23	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-106.43	23.22	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-80.16	25.59	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-80.24	25.71	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-80.1	26.11	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	51.68	26.59	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-80.08	26.92	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-80.43	27.83	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-80.61	28.41	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-80.88	29.02	Perrin et al. 1987

<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-84.21	30.08	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-87.2	30.4	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-81.42	30.67	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-77.88	34.03	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-71.63	41.35	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-70.98	42.4	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-76.48	-13.03	Read et al. 1988
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-76.79	-12.46	Read et al. 1988
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	31	-29.83	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	55.41	-21.7	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-40.84	-23.86	Sucunza et al. 2015
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	8.73	0.25	Van Waerebeek et al. 2009
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-0.73	5.28	Van Waerebeek et al. 2009
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	-61.5	15.62	Watkins et al. 1994
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	11.7	-11.8	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	6.72	0.34	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella attenuata</i>	0.75	4.18	Weir 2010

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1487 **Table 7.** Records of *Stenella clymene*.

Species	Longitude	Latitude	Reference
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-38.65	-14.79	Amaral et al. 2015
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-95.28	27.2	Fertl et al. 1997
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-74	39.86	Fertl et al. 1997
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-46.93	-28.86	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-33.65	-10.26	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-33.76	-10.23	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-34	-8.88	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-33.56	-8.5	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-33.48	-8.46	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-33.41	-7.66	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-34.26	-7.43	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-33.95	-7.2	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-33.81	-6.9	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-33.53	-6.15	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	10.53	-4.38	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-33.83	7.58	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-61.6	12.41	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-17.33	16	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-88.28	25.96	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-87.98	26	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-95.15	26.03	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-87.43	26.1	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-90.98	26.13	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-79.61	26.15	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91.01	26.2	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-93	26.25	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-94.63	26.26	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-94.38	26.28	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-94.2	26.28	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91.98	26.33	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-93	26.35	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-93.63	26.4	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-96.88	26.53	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-94.26	26.55	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91.96	26.56	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91.98	26.61	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91	26.66	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-87.98	26.68	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-90.03	26.71	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-92	26.71	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-89.95	26.76	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-93.96	26.81	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91.98	26.85	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-92.81	26.86	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91	26.93	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-90.3	27.01	Fertl et al. 2003

<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-90	27.03	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-89.01	27.05	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91.83	27.1	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-88.96	27.1	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-93.11	27.16	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-89	27.16	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91.78	27.18	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-88.98	27.21	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-87.98	27.25	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-95.06	27.26	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91.73	27.26	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-93.5	27.28	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-93.01	27.3	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-95.01	27.31	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-85.31	27.31	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-92.16	27.36	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-90.93	27.36	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-89.86	27.41	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-46.61	27.41	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-93.31	27.41	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91	27.43	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-93.61	27.45	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91	27.45	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-92.16	27.46	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-89.16	27.48	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91	27.5	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-89.98	27.5	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91.4	27.5	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-87	27.53	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91.98	27.56	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-92.31	27.56	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-89.31	27.58	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-89.41	27.63	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-87.03	27.68	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91	27.68	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-90.03	27.71	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-82.75	27.75	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-88.65	27.78	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-89.98	27.81	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-90.36	27.86	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-89.71	28.05	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-89.45	28.08	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-88.98	28.15	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-89.58	28.3	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-88.51	28.43	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-86.26	28.5	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-88.03	28.55	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-88	28.68	Fertl et al. 2003

<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-87.3	28.85	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-18.18	28.88	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-71.86	29.36	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-71.8	30.8	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-75.41	34.31	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-74.38	35.23	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-74.7	35.43	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-73.5	35.46	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-74.48	35.58	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-74.63	35.73	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-74	35.78	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-73.75	36.08	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-73.11	36.75	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-74	38	Fertl et al. 2003
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-83.38	26.89	Jefferson 1996a
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-96.03	28.12	Jefferson 1996a
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91.61	29.16	Jefferson 1996a
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-87	29.7	Jefferson 1996b
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-34.81	-7.13	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-97.57	27.25	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-97.46	27.83	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-95.32	28.87	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-94.86	29.36	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-81.78	24.54	Jefferson et al. 1995
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-81.24	24.72	Jefferson et al. 1995
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-82.68	27.44	Jefferson et al. 1995
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-82.74	27.64	Jefferson et al. 1995
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-91.24	29.23	Jefferson et al. 1995
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-16.33	18.15	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-34.81	-7.11	Lucena et al. 1998
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-2.5	2.16	Lucena et al. 1998
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-18.08	-3.66	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-31.33	4.3	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-61.6	12.25	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-61.23	13.33	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-17.33	14.58	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-96.06	20.85	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-97.34	27.21	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-82.56	27.34	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-82.62	27.77	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-81.3	29.89	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-74.56	39.27	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-16.77	14	Robineau et al. 1994
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-17.42	14.77	Robineau et al. 1994
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-17.12	14.91	Robineau et al. 1994
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-16.56	16	Robineau et al. 1994
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-97.04	27.83	Robineau et al. 1994
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-48.67	-26.7	Romero et al. 2001

<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-49.7	-29.3	Simões-Lopes et al. 1994
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-38.9	-3.5	Simões-Lopes et al. 1994
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	3.73	3.59	Van Waerebeck et al. 2009
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-0.73	5.28	Van Waerebeck et al. 2009
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-0.6	5.34	Van Waerebeck et al. 2009
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	0.98	5.91	Van Waerebeck et al. 2009
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	11.41	-6.43	Weir 2006
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-63.15	10.73	Weir 2006
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	10.54	-4.39	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-0.62	5.33	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella clymene</i>	-17.75	12.73	Ximenez and Praderi 1992

1489 **Table 8.** Records of *Stenella coeruleoalba*.

Species	Longitude	Latitude	Reference
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-47.62	-30.09	Amaral et al. 2015
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-49.03	-31.03	Amaral et al. 2015
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	55.49	-20.29	Ballance and Pitman 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	55.33	-3.57	Ballance and Pitman 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	73.46	1.95	Ballance and Pitman 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	81.08	5.97	Ballance and Pitman 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	66.58	8.63	Ballance and Pitman 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	51	9.94	Ballance and Pitman 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	60.83	18.05	Ballance and Pitman 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-62	-42.33	Bastida et al. 2001
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-58.16	-39.33	Bastida et al. 2001
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-55.4	-39	Bastida et al. 2001
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-57.83	-38.5	Bastida et al. 2001
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-56.96	-37.25	Bastida et al. 2001
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-56.86	-37.11	Bastida et al. 2001
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-15.66	51.06	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	0.75	37.58	Blanco et al. 1995
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-0.53	40.41	Blanco et al. 1995
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-12.91	50.03	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-16.93	50.05	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-11.73	50.33	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-11.98	50.33	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-15.78	50.38	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-27.84	50.57	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-27.92	50.62	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-28.05	50.73	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-11.83	51.05	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-29.68	51.65	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-29.71	51.67	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-30.14	51.89	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-24.92	52.34	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-22.83	53.81	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-7.25	55.66	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-6.16	55.76	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-6.16	57.25	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-3.63	57.63	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-1.5	60.25	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-6.73	61.4	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-7.03	62.11	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-16.56	63.85	Bloch et al. 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-54.97	-34.92	Brownell and Praderi 1976
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-55.95	-34.84	Brownell and Praderi 1976
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-2.42	36.76	Cañadas et al. 2002
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-70.48	-23.65	Cárdenas et al. 1991
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-9	46	Das et al. 2000
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-90.68	-0.76	Denkinger et al. 2013

<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	108.76	-12.63	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	18.64	35.07	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	15.67	35.7	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	1.24	35.8	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	8	42	Forcada et al. 1995
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-178	9	Hubbs et al. 1973
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-89.48	9.6	Hubbs et al. 1973
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-109.75	10.25	Hubbs et al. 1973
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-124.35	10.68	Hubbs et al. 1973
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-127.78	11.23	Hubbs et al. 1973
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-157.83	21.27	Hubbs et al. 1973
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-106.9	21.98	Hubbs et al. 1973
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-108.21	22.16	Hubbs et al. 1973
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-108.15	22.16	Hubbs et al. 1973
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-108.81	22.18	Hubbs et al. 1973
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-107.53	22.2	Hubbs et al. 1973
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-108.06	22.3	Hubbs et al. 1973
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-97.17	27.71	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-94.63	29.44	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-93.85	29.65	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-4.92	5.03	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-17.33	14.58	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-23.53	15.16	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-16.65	28.44	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-9.01	32.79	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-16.99	32.82	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	18.04	34.55	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-5.64	35.93	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	139.14	34.93	Kasuya 1976
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	126	20	Kasuya 1999
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	128	21	Kasuya 1999
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	140	24	Kasuya 1999
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	145	25	Kasuya 1999
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	150	30	Kasuya 1999
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	135	35	Kasuya 1999
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	145	37	Kasuya 1999
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	180	37	Kasuya 1999
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	150	38	Kasuya 1999
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	150	42	Kasuya 1999
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	140	45	Kasuya 1999
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-60	44	Lucas and Hooker 1997
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-36.3	-20.33	Maia-Nogueira et al. 2001
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-37.98	-12.56	Maia-Nogueira et al. 2001
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	18.83	37.79	Marsili and Focardi 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	13.17	40.2	Marsili and Focardi 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	17.32	41.73	Marsili et al. 1997
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-80.35	27.25	Odell and Chapman 1976
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-83.41	27.86	Odell and Chapman 1976

<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-57.83	-38.28	Ott and Danilewicz 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-54.61	-34.85	Ott and Danilewicz 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-55.91	-34.81	Ott and Danilewicz 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-51.66	-32	Ott and Danilewicz 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-50.23	-30.23	Ott and Danilewicz 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-49.81	-29.46	Ott and Danilewicz 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-34.81	-6.96	Ott and Danilewicz 1996
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	18.15	-33.36	Peddemors 1999
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-56.74	-35.19	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-61.23	13.33	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-75.4	35.49	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-74	37.16	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-76.21	37.19	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-72.15	37.46	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-73.56	37.7	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-74.03	40.55	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-70.91	42.38	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-28.4	44	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	0.9	50.11	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-4.83	50.62	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-4.25	51.06	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-127.7	-37.68	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-124.98	35.65	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-124.76	36.3	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-126.11	36.98	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-126.21	38.58	Perrin et al. 1995
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-105.31	21.53	Reynoso 1985
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-16.33	18.15	Robineau and Vely 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-64.68	10.71	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-64.83	11.66	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-67	12.91	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-47.89	-25.05	Rosas et al. 2002
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	20.36	-34.58	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	26.88	-34.46	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	21.21	-34.4	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	18.85	-34.36	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	21.43	-34.36	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	18.36	-34.23	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	18.43	-34.15	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	18.86	-34.15	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	18.45	-33.9	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	18.45	-33.8	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	18.18	-33.38	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-175.03	-36.43	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	135.95	33.58	Tanabe et al. 1988
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-78.88	-33.61	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-72.17	-20.95	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-76.21	-14.13	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998

<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-80.86	-5.73	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-80.85	-2.25	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-80.83	-2.18	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-80.71	-1.93	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-90.33	-0.76	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-90.31	-0.74	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-80.41	-0.55	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-79.06	1.6	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-78.8	1.8	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-77.37	6.04	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	12.05	-13.98	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	11.7	-11.8	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	12.25	-9.25	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-6.13	4.96	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i>	-55.91	-34.82	Ximenez and Praderi 1992

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1492 **Table 9.** Records of *Stenella frontalis*.

Species	Longitude	Latitude	Reference
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-39.44	-3.14	Alves-Júnior et al. 1996
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-39.6	-3.05	Alves-Júnior et al. 1996
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-47.41	-27	Amaral et al. 2015
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-47.35	-26.39	Amaral et al. 2015
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-46.86	-25.76	Amaral et al. 2015
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-46.81	-25.7	Amaral et al. 2015
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-46.49	-25.36	Amaral et al. 2015
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-45.52	-24.24	Amaral et al. 2015
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-43.09	-23.43	Amaral et al. 2015
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-38.41	-18.86	Danilewicz et al. 2013
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-28.29	38.39	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-83	26	Fulling et al. 2003
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-92	28	Fulling et al. 2003
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-86	30	Fulling et al. 2003
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-78.56	26.81	Herzing 1997
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-78	27	Herzing and Johnson 1997
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-94.38	29.54	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	9.21	-1.9	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	3.73	3.59	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-13.48	9.35	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-47.65	-26.1	Leonel et al. 2012
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-48.26	-25.98	Leonel et al. 2012
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-47.53	-25.93	Leonel et al. 2012
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-47.76	-25.26	Leonel et al. 2012
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-47.78	-25.13	Leonel et al. 2012
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-47.6	-24.93	Leonel et al. 2012
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-34.93	-6.77	Lucena et al. 1998
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-34.92	-6.68	Lucena et al. 1998
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-16.65	28.44	McLeod et al. 2004
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-48.81	-30.77	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-48.8	-30.76	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-48.16	-29.84	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-49.36	-29.75	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-47.46	-27.62	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-47.11	-27.56	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-47.2	-27.4	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-47.18	-26.8	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-46.59	-26.35	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-45.51	-26.08	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-45.79	-25.83	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-45.94	-25.64	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-46	-25.26	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-45.1	-24.87	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-47.35	-24.86	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-45.08	-24.86	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-46.63	-24.8	Moreno et al. 2005

<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-47.02	-24.7	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-45.71	-24.38	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-44.5	-24.35	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-44.18	-24.27	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-46.16	-24.13	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-45.09	-24.1	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-45	-23.65	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-42.13	-23.38	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-44.33	-23.23	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-44.56	-23.18	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-44.4	-23.16	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-41.67	-23.15	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-44.58	-23.15	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-44.21	-23.08	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-44.23	-23.05	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-43.25	-23.03	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-42	-22.98	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-41.81	-22.66	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-40.55	-22.3	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-37.66	-3.94	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-16.15	18.03	Nieri et al. 1999
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-52.49	-35.08	Paro et al. 2014
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-5.72	-15.92	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	11.83	-4.77	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	8.85	3.48	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-4.92	5.03	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-79	9.5	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-13.67	9.5	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-39	10	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-66	10.68	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-66.46	10.86	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-61.56	10.95	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-64	11	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-61.9	11.03	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-73.83	11.65	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-68	12	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-70	12.5	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-61.23	13.15	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-77.16	14.5	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-60.05	14.56	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-17.33	14.58	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-18	15	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-23.53	15.16	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-63.08	17.05	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-88	17.5	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-67.36	17.7	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-64.93	18.33	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-66.55	18.48	Perrin et al. 1987

<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-74.7	18.71	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-67.83	19.7	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-82.38	23.38	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-74.5	24	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-82.8	24.33	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-81.49	24.79	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-80.63	24.91	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-80.13	25.18	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-80.18	25.75	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-80.11	25.98	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-82.26	26.74	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-97.35	26.84	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-80.18	27.16	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-97.34	27.21	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-80.28	27.47	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-82.62	27.77	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-97.04	27.83	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-80.91	29.02	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-83.41	29.66	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-93.71	29.74	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-81.24	29.76	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-81.26	29.85	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-81.3	29.89	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-86.49	30.38	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-87.2	30.4	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-81.2	31.47	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-80.75	32.21	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-79.91	32.77	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-79.5	32.83	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-79.54	32.98	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-77.47	34.46	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-76.75	34.75	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-75.6	34.81	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-75.98	35.11	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-75.53	35.22	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-75.63	35.22	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-74.55	35.25	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-75.52	35.25	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-75.54	35.27	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-74.25	35.28	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-75.49	35.35	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-75.46	35.54	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-75.33	35.58	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-75.58	35.89	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-75.61	35.95	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-75.88	36.62	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-76.08	36.91	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-74	37	Perrin et al. 1987

<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-25.67	37.73	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-73	38	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-28	38	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-75.18	38.03	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-70.16	38.08	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-71.28	38.25	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-49	38.66	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-74.9	38.92	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-69.61	39.51	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-29.08	40.25	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-74.17	40.46	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-12	40.61	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-72.14	40.96	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-70.34	41.62	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-38.73	46.33	Perrin et al. 1987
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-65.43	10.15	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-64.41	10.25	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-66.05	10.6	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-63.15	10.73	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-65.21	10.95	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-71.6	10.98	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-62.11	11	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-64.2	11.05	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-62.36	11.41	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-69.58	11.46	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-71.66	11.66	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	-1.95	4.8	Van Waerebeck et al. 2009
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	11.7	-11.8	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	8.82	-0.74	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella frontalis</i>	2.35	6.16	Weir 2010

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1495 **Table 10.** Records of *Stenella longirostris*.

Species	Longitude	Latitude	Reference
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-38.16	-13.94	Amaral et al. 2015
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	73.16	-0.66	Anderson et al. 1999
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	73.06	-0.61	Anderson et al. 1999
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	73.11	-0.61	Anderson et al. 1999
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-156.7	20.7	Baird et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-32.42	-3.25	Barreto and Lodi 2000
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-68.68	11.98	Debrot 1998
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-69.05	12.2	Debrot 1998
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-90.68	-0.76	Denkinger et al. 2013
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	110.99	1.6	Dolar et al. 1997
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-95.75	5	Dolar et al. 1997
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	123.03	9.04	Dolar et al. 1999
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	118.07	-12.19	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	122.45	-11.6	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	122.98	-11.44	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	58.58	-11.41	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	142.87	-10.95	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	49.62	-3.62	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	49.21	-3.44	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	50.92	12.22	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	50.5	12.25	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	50.33	12.27	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	43.17	13.19	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	41.79	15.5	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	39.92	18.64	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	39.82	18.82	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	36.21	24.73	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	36.2	24.74	Eyre 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	123.92	9.48	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-156.94	20.73	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-177.37	28.19	Fertl et al. 1999
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	26.25	-34.15	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	32	-28.87	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	32.58	-28.03	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	32.63	-27.78	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	32.63	-27.77	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	153.1	-27.2	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	112	-25.38	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	155.38	-22.28	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	146.8	-19.22	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-174.08	-18.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	145.72	-16.85	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	146.03	-16.58	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	122.18	-15.03	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	122.52	-14.85	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-170.73	-14.28	Gilpatrick 1987

<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	123.6	-14.28	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	126.4	-12.63	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	127.32	-12.45	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	127.33	-12.4	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	127.4	-12.38	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	127.45	-12.37	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	127.47	-12.32	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	127.62	-12.17	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	143.22	-12.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	144.02	-11.6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	142.67	-9.37	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	159.98	-9.35	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	161	-9	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	159.87	-8.83	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	151.37	-8.6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	123.5	-8.53	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	124	-8.53	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	151.08	-8.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-170.03	-8.4	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	157.35	-8.4	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	156.92	-8.15	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	138.12	-8.03	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	124	-8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	160.08	-7.88	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	160.07	-7.87	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	159.92	-7.68	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	177.25	-7.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	164.57	-7.3	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	108	-7	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	158.13	-6.57	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	157.43	-6.52	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-175.5	-6.17	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	110.03	-6.03	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	85	-6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-175.67	-5.92	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-175.83	-5.92	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	156.88	-5.92	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	106.22	-5.38	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	145.67	-5.23	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	145.75	-5.23	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	156.57	-5.17	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	156.03	-5.02	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	110	-5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	152.93	-4.92	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	156.18	-4.9	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	39.35	-4.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	149.1	-4.57	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	149.13	-4.55	Gilpatrick 1987

<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	152.18	-4.22	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	55.67	-4.18	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	152.08	-4.08	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	55.43	-4	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	155.3	-3.8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	145.23	-3.1	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	153.37	-2.92	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	172.97	-2.8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	147.58	-2.77	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	151.47	-2.47	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	151.33	-2.38	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	151.55	-2.38	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	148.4	-2.38	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	157.75	-2.15	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	151.25	-2.07	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	142.82	-1.97	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	148.58	-1.95	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	160.55	-1.7	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	144.8	-1.62	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	162.12	-1.58	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	147.37	-1.4	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	145.2	-1.27	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	106.55	-1.25	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	166.7	-0.87	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	144.5	-0.82	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	144.45	-0.8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	73.17	-0.7	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	125	0	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	165.65	0.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	145.07	0.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	165.75	0.08	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	125	0.25	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	153.15	0.42	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	166.78	0.45	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	146.5	0.75	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	165.22	1.3	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	145.47	1.3	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-174.38	1.38	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	144.98	1.55	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	160.72	1.93	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	169.58	1.97	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	169.68	2.02	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	176.87	2.07	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	122.27	2.15	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	101.87	2.3	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	141.12	2.87	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	143	2.87	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	149.4	2.98	Gilpatrick 1987

<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	141.95	3.05	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	142.12	3.18	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	152.92	3.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	98.77	3.77	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	73.28	3.98	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	104.5	4	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	142.03	4.03	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	144.02	4.1	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	139.52	4.12	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	73.52	4.17	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	142.22	4.37	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	149.9	4.45	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	136.68	4.47	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	73.42	4.47	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	175.5	4.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	73.15	4.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	138.65	4.53	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	136.3	4.57	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	135.58	4.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	149.75	4.8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	131.02	5.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-162.07	5.48	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	74.12	5.52	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	135.07	5.58	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.25	5.75	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	80.12	5.78	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	73	5.83	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	150.57	5.85	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.03	5.85	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	80.3	5.87	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	80.37	5.88	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	150.83	6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	80	6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.88	6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	80.18	6.02	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	80.78	6.02	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	142.17	6.22	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.95	6.27	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.5	6.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.52	6.37	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.95	6.48	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.5	6.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.95	6.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	131.43	6.58	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	154.13	6.65	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	73	6.87	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.87	6.92	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.48	6.93	Gilpatrick 1987

<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.75	7	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.4	7	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	171.67	7.03	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	137.27	7.12	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	136.62	7.2	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	100.6	7.2	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	82.18	7.2	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.82	7.22	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.8	7.3	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.33	7.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	135.2	7.38	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.57	7.53	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	154.32	7.57	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.35	7.57	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	82.08	7.68	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	144.2	7.72	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	98.45	7.87	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79	7.97	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	167	8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.85	8.35	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.33	8.4	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.35	8.52	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.33	8.53	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.27	8.55	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.33	8.55	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.25	8.57	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.38	8.58	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.58	8.58	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.42	8.6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.37	8.6	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.5	8.63	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.32	8.65	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.33	8.7	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81	9	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.22	9.17	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	153.58	9.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	80.97	9.45	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	80.95	9.47	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	80.95	9.52	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.1	9.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	80.9	9.77	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.1	9.92	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	80	10.25	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	123.93	10.28	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	75.5	10.38	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	75.2	10.88	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	75.62	11	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	79.77	11.48	Gilpatrick 1987

<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	162.25	11.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	42.75	11.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	43.67	11.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-174	13	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	100.05	13.42	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	72	13.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	51.83	13.58	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	73.33	16	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	162.22	16.38	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	54.18	16.75	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	54.2	16.88	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	57.78	18.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	39.47	19.17	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	63.5	20.15	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	58.75	20.25	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	58.75	20.27	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-160.28	21.62	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-160.12	21.77	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-160.18	21.83	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-160.07	21.88	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	60.5	22.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	59.62	22.57	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	59.53	22.57	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	60.33	23	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	61	23	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	58.93	23.33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-166.33	23.42	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-166.4	23.47	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-166.43	23.53	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-164.7	23.58	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-166.5	23.67	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	57.17	24	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	34.72	24.92	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	163.6	27.68	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-175.85	27.8	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-177.42	28.25	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-178.17	28.42	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-178.17	28.5	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	129.75	28.75	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	152.83	31.72	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	129.83	32.73	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	129.87	32.75	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	129.83	32.78	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	128	33	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	170.98	36.83	Gilpatrick 1987
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-97.17	27.71	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-81.77	24.54	Jefferson et al. 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-23.53	15.16	Jefferson et al. 1997

<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-16.33	18.15	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-34.97	-6.46	Lucena et al. 1998
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-46.36	-27.1	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-43.91	-24.78	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-44.07	-24.35	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-44.18	-24.27	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-41.14	-23.63	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-41.1	-23.38	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-40.7	-22.88	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-38.01	-15.9	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-38.06	-15.68	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-35	-9.69	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-34.33	-8.4	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-34.36	-7.35	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-32.41	-3.86	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-32.41	-3.85	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-41.63	-2.86	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-41.56	-2.15	Moreno et al. 2005
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	31.04	-29.85	Peddemors 1999
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	32.56	-28.12	Peddemors 1999
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	35.43	-21.64	Peddemors 1999
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	35.84	-19.16	Peddemors 1999
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-147.47	-15.1	Perrin 1990
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	105.67	-10.5	Perrin 1990
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-139	-9.82	Perrin 1990
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	73.46	1.95	Perrin 1990
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-4.92	5.03	Perrin 1990
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	81.08	5.97	Perrin 1990
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	162.18	11.46	Perrin 1990
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-156.02	20.32	Perrin 1990
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	138.08	34.52	Perrin 1990
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-90.53	7.18	Perrin and Roberts 1972
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-107	7.66	Perrin and Roberts 1972
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-106.6	7.78	Perrin and Roberts 1972
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-109.75	8	Perrin and Roberts 1972
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-93.3	12.85	Perrin and Roberts 1972
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-10.09	5.87	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-66.5	10.72	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-61.23	13.33	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-17.33	14.58	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-77.81	20.59	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-80.18	25.75	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-97.35	26.84	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-82.48	27.15	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-93.89	29.68	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-84.6	29.79	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-81.43	30.39	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-86.61	30.39	Perrin et al. 1981

<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-79.58	32.9	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-75.53	35.22	Perrin et al. 1981
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-140.15	-8.96	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-140.05	-8.95	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-140.1	-8.95	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-140.01	-8.93	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-140.01	-8.91	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-139.33	-8.7	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-137.6	-8.38	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	43.05	11.7	Robineau and Rose 1983
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-64.63	10.21	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-64.45	10.26	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-64.63	10.26	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-64.41	10.31	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-64.35	10.35	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-64.03	10.43	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-64.18	10.46	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-64.23	10.5	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-66.7	10.63	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-63.15	10.73	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-64.08	11	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-67.45	11.96	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-67.66	12	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-44.32	-25.58	Secchi and Siciliano 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-44.13	-23.65	Secchi and Siciliano 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-43	-23	Secchi and Siciliano 1995
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-47.92	25.02	Siciliano 1994
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	85.77	-6.03	Tanabe et al. 1998
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-3.98	5.21	Van Bree 1971
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-17.42	14.77	Van Bree 1971
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-1.95	4.8	Van Waerebeek et al. 2009
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-4.02	5.3	Van Waerebeek et al. 2009
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-5.72	-15.92	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	11.7	-11.8	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-2.4	2.75	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-2.16	3.68	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-0.83	4.41	Weir 2010
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-45.06	-23.48	Ximenez and Praderi 1992
<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	-46.29	-30.04	Zerbini and Kotas 1998

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1498 **Table 11.** Records of *Tursiops aduncus*.

Species	Longitude	Latitude	Reference
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	148.46	-19.71	Charlton-Robb et al. 2011
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	113.73	-25.75	Heithaus 2001
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	129.5	28.4	Kurihara and Oda 2006
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	130.22	32.5	Kurihara and Oda 2006
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	139.76	35.65	Kurihara and Oda 2006
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	29.45	-31.68	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	30.57	-30.57	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	30.85	-30.12	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	31.02	-29.92	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	31.04	-29.85	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	31.08	-29.72	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	144.63	-14.42	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	160.73	-9.58	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	40.8	-2.47	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	81.08	5.97	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	83.25	17.63	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	119.57	23.56	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	119.64	23.58	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	119.66	23.59	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	119.5	23.6	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	120.74	24.61	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	121.46	25.04	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	66.62	25.12	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	50.82	28.97	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	150.7	-35.11	Möller and Beheregaray 2004
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	152.1	-32.7	Möller and Beheregaray 2004
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	18.8	-34.1	Peddemors 1999
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	40.66	15.33	Perrin et al. 2007
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	39.45	-6.43	Stensland et al. 2006
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	113.26	-3.65	Wang et al. 2000
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	107.74	19.75	Wang et al. 2000
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	119.62	23.53	Wang et al. 2000
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	120.9	24.8	Wang et al. 2000

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1501 *Tursiops truncatus*

Species	Longitude	Latitude	Reference
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-38.54	-3.71	Alves Júnior et al. 1996
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-39.8	-2.94	Alves Júnior et al. 1996
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-40.51	-2.8	Alves Júnior et al. 1996
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-156.7	20.7	Baird et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	55.33	-3.57	Ballance and Pitman 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	73.46	1.95	Ballance and Pitman 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	81.08	5.97	Ballance and Pitman 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	66.67	8.09	Ballance and Pitman 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	51	9.94	Ballance and Pitman 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	57.87	19.77	Ballance and Pitman 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	14.5	44.58	Bearzi et al. 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-92.88	-29.7	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-80.58	27.16	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-80.15	27.18	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-82.66	27.33	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-97	28	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-80.53	29.01	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-76.91	34.7	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-76.68	34.76	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-75.91	36.83	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-74.36	39.33	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-66.4	40.96	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-70.01	41.91	Berrow and Rogan 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-7.05	37.19	Borrell et al. 2006
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-9.5	38.99	Borrell et al. 2006
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-0.31	39.46	Borrell et al. 2006
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	2.68	39.48	Borrell et al. 2006
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	1.96	41.23	Borrell et al. 2006
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-2.42	36.76	Cañadas et al. 2002
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-78.94	-33.69	Cárdenas et al. 1991
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	147.89	-43.28	Charlton-Robb et al. 2011
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	147.4	-40.95	Charlton-Robb et al. 2011
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	144.77	-38.6	Charlton-Robb et al. 2011
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	31.04	-29.86	Cockcroft 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	12.91	43.91	Corsolini et al. 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	12.69	43.98	Corsolini et al. 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	12.41	44.2	Corsolini et al. 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	12.34	44.33	Corsolini et al. 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	12.31	44.41	Corsolini et al. 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	12.3	45.21	Corsolini et al. 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-68.96	12.11	Debrot 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-90.68	-0.76	Denkinger et al. 2013
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-40.98	-21.58	Di Benedetto et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	118.53	7.76	Dolar et al. 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	153.33	-25.59	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	153.44	-24.62	Eyre 1995

<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	142.89	-11.2	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	131.55	-9	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	43.96	12.06	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	50.92	12.22	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	50.25	12.28	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	50.1	12.29	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	44	12.51	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	43.28	12.78	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	43.12	13.31	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	42.03	15.11	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	42	15.14	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	33.21	28.37	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	33.12	28.5	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	31.2	31.89	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	15.22	35.8	Eyre 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.81	29.27	Fertl and Landry 1999
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-97.28	26.56	Fertl and Schiro 1994
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-97.05	27.83	Fertl and Schiro 1994
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-97	27.93	Fertl and Schiro 1994
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-82.49	27.18	Fertl et al. 2002
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-96	28	Fulling et al. 2003
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-90	28	Fulling et al. 2003
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-83	28	Fulling et al. 2003
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-90.15	28.46	Fulling et al. 2003
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-89.09	30.36	Fulling et al. 2003
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-75.67	35.18	Fulling et al. 2003
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	147.01	-43.31	Gales et al. 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	147.43	-42.9	Gales et al. 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	146.58	-41.15	Gales et al. 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-43.17	-22.93	Geise and Borobia 1987
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-42.01	-22.88	Geise and Borobia 1987
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-96.06	20.85	Jefferson 1996b
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-83.38	26.89	Jefferson 1996b
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-96.03	28.12	Jefferson 1996b
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-87	29.7	Jefferson 1996b
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-97.16	26.11	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-97.29	27.39	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-97.31	27.69	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-97.28	27.76	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-97.06	27.81	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-97.37	27.84	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-96.94	27.96	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-97.03	28.03	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-97.03	28.06	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-95.82	28.62	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-95.28	28.94	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.88	29.23	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.79	29.28	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997

<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.76	29.3	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.78	29.32	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.73	29.32	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.73	29.33	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.86	29.36	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.63	29.44	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.57	29.46	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.49	29.5	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.5	29.5	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.38	29.54	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.13	29.63	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.97	29.66	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.07	29.66	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-93.89	29.68	Jefferson and Baumgartner 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-4.92	5.03	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-15.6	11.65	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-17.33	14.58	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-23.53	15.16	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-16.33	18.15	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-16.65	28.44	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-9.01	32.79	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-16.99	32.82	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	18.04	34.55	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-5.64	35.93	Jefferson et al. 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	135.94	33.59	Kurihara and Oda 2006
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	138.2	34.66	Kurihara and Oda 2006
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	137.25	34.75	Kurihara and Oda 2006
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	139.14	34.93	Kurihara and Oda 2006
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-5.08	50.41	Kurihara and Oda 2006
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	76.92	8.46	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	74.67	12.58	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	121.5	23.49	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	119.6	23.61	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	119.56	23.67	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	120.09	23.91	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	135.94	33.59	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	139.14	34.93	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	138.23	37.17	Kurihara and Oda 2007
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-64.01	44.61	Lucas and Hooker 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-34.81	-7.13	Lucena et al. 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-16.15	18.03	Nieri et al. 1999
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	14.96	-23	Peddemors 1999
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-90.36	-1.26	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-89.68	-0.83	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-89.5	-0.76	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-89.5	-0.7	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-91.55	-0.63	Perrin et al. 1985
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-90.86	-0.1	Perrin et al. 1985

<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-76.48	-13.03	Read et al. 1988
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-76.79	-12.46	Read et al. 1988
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-77.08	-12.11	Read et al. 1988
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-78.59	-9.08	Read et al. 1988
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-17.42	14.77	Robineau and Vely 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-16.51	19.33	Robineau and Vely 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-16.94	16.17	Robineau and Vely 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-16.33	18.11	Robineau and Vely 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-16.84	19.36	Robineau and Vely 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-17.36	20.76	Robineau and Vely 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-17.6	21.17	Robineau and Vely 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-65.2	10.1	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-64.41	10.25	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-64.18	10.48	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-66.08	10.5	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-64.28	10.58	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-66.73	10.63	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-64.25	10.66	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-61.8	10.73	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-64.16	10.8	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-64.61	10.83	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-68.25	10.83	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-64.08	10.88	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-63.8	10.98	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-64.08	11	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-71.66	11.66	Romero et al. 2001
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-45.4	-23.8	Santos 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-45.38	-23.61	Santos 1997
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	19.5	-34.66	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	19.36	-34.46	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	19.31	-34.45	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	19.15	-34.43	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	21.41	-34.38	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	18.83	-34.38	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	22.13	-34.18	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	18.01	-32.75	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	17.95	-32.71	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	14.55	-22.88	Sekiguchi et al. 1992
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-47.91	-25.01	Siciliano 1994
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-43.25	-22.93	Siciliano 1994
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-41.01	-21.61	Siciliano 1994
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-40.49	-20.67	Siciliano 1994
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-112.1	25.65	Silber and Fertl 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-111.19	26.2	Silber and Fertl 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-111.58	27.63	Silber and Fertl 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-97.04	27.87	Silber and Fertl 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-89.32	29.87	Silber and Fertl 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-81.2	31.47	Silber and Fertl 1995

<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-81.26	31.48	Silber and Fertl 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-80.75	32.21	Silber and Fertl 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-80.88	32.23	Silber and Fertl 1995
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-114	30	Silber et al. 1994
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	174.81	-36.61	Stockin and Visser 2005
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-4.03	5.24	Van Waerebeck et al. 2009
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-4.02	5.3	Van Waerebeck et al. 2009
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-0.48	5.38	Van Waerebeck et al. 2009
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-0.21	5.51	Van Waerebeck et al. 2009
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	2.44	6.34	Van Waerebeck et al. 2009
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-80.86	-5.73	Van Waerebeck et al. 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-80.1	26.11	Walsh et al. 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-81.88	26.63	Walsh et al. 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-82.71	27.5	Walsh et al. 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-80.37	27.71	Walsh et al. 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.77	29.35	Walsh et al. 1998
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	114.07	22.34	Wang et al. 2000
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	120.05	23.03	Wang et al. 2000
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	119.62	23.53	Wang et al. 2000
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	121.87	24.58	Wang et al. 2000
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	121.75	25.14	Wang et al. 2000
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-5.72	-15.92	Weir 2010
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	9.58	-2	Weir 2010
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	6.72	0.34	Weir 2010
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-3.98	5.21	Weir 2010
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-0.2	5.54	Weir 2010
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-0.03	5.61	Weir 2010
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	-94.66	29.33	Weller et al. 1997

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